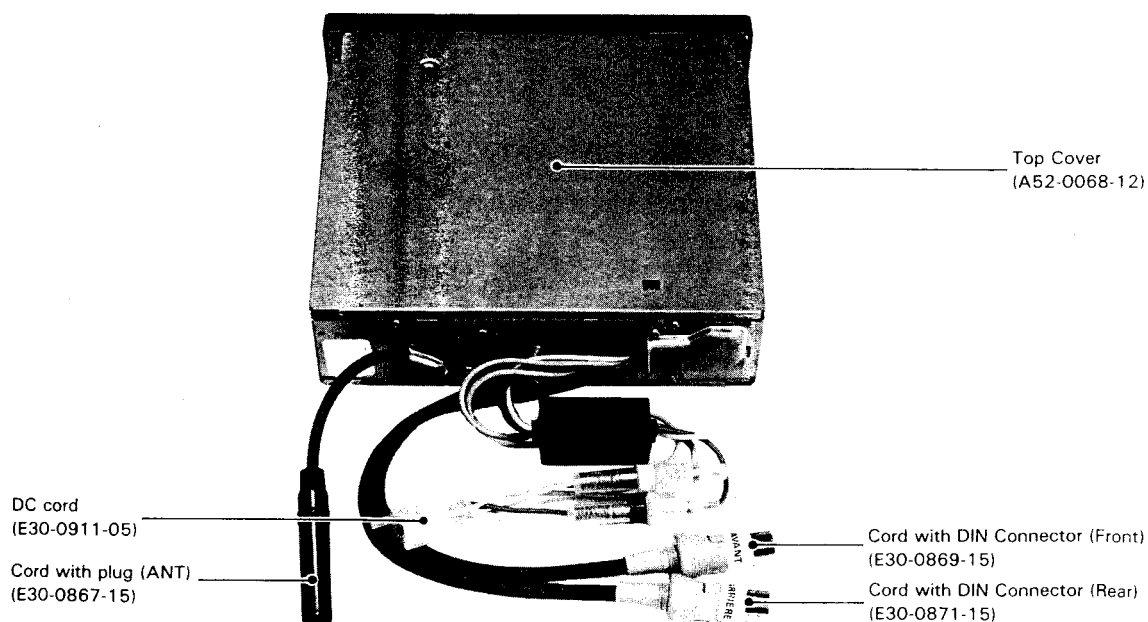
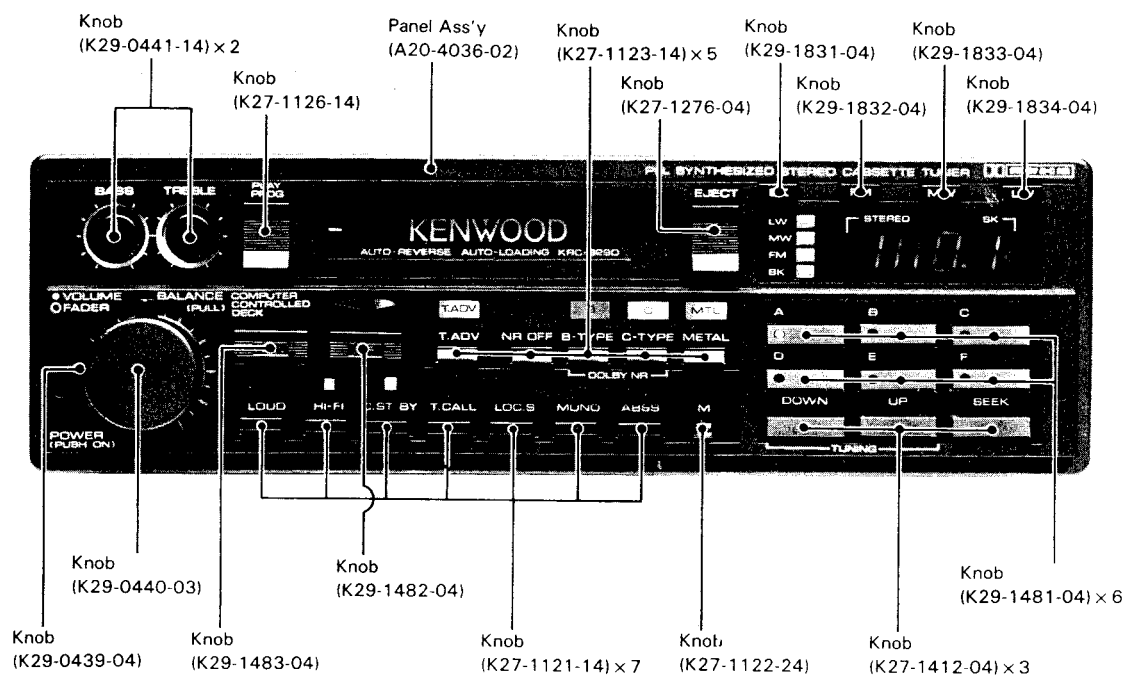


# KENWOOD KRC-929D

## PLL SYNTHESIZED STEREO CASSETTE TUNER





## INTERNAL VIEW/DISASSEMBLY FOR REPAIR

### INTERNAL VIEW

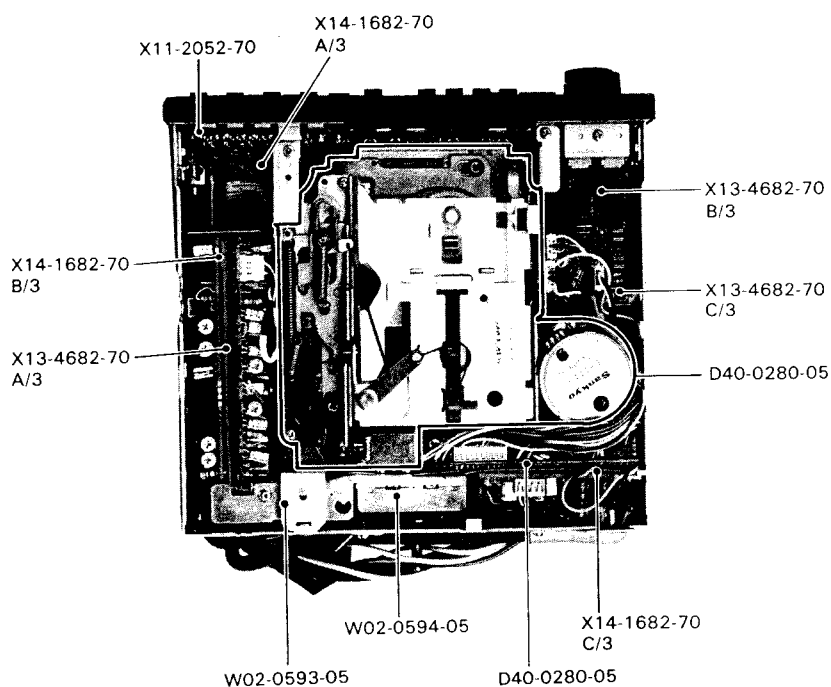


Fig. 1

### DISASSEMBLY FOR REPAIR

#### 1. To Remove the Control PC Board

- 1) Remove the screws fixing the snap-action switch.
- 2) Remove the solder from the screw fixing the pc board and remove it.

#### 2. To Remove the Keep Solenoid

- 3) Remove the screws fixing the solenoid.

#### 3. To Remove the Eject Lever Assembly

- 4) Remove the screws, and remove the assembly in the direction of the arrow.

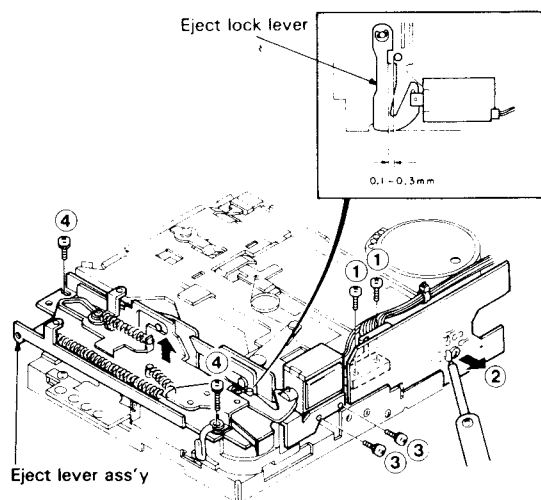


Fig. 2 Procedure for removing PCB and eject lever

## DISASSEMBLY FOR REPAIR

### 4. To Remove the Head & Switch Ass'y

- 5) Remove the eject lever assembly, and take off the solder from the screw retaining the pcb and remove the screw.
- 6) Remove the screws fixing the head, and remove the head, the board and SW. To assemble, first temporarily fix the slide switch as in the figure. Confirm that "PROG" functions normally and tighten the screw and solder.

### 5. To Remove the Pinch Roller

- 7) Remove the E ring. When assembled, clean the pinch roller with pure alcohol.

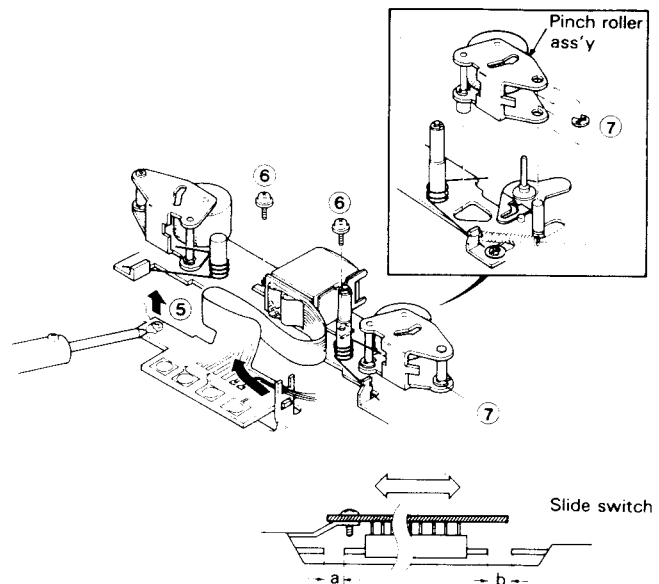


Fig. 3 Procedure for removing the head and pinch roller

### 6. To Mount the Eject Lever

- 8) Push the head base assembly in the direction shown in the figure, and assemble the eject lever assembly and the cassette holder at the same time.
- 9) At this time, assemble the eject gear in the position shown in the figure.
- 10) Fasten the screw.

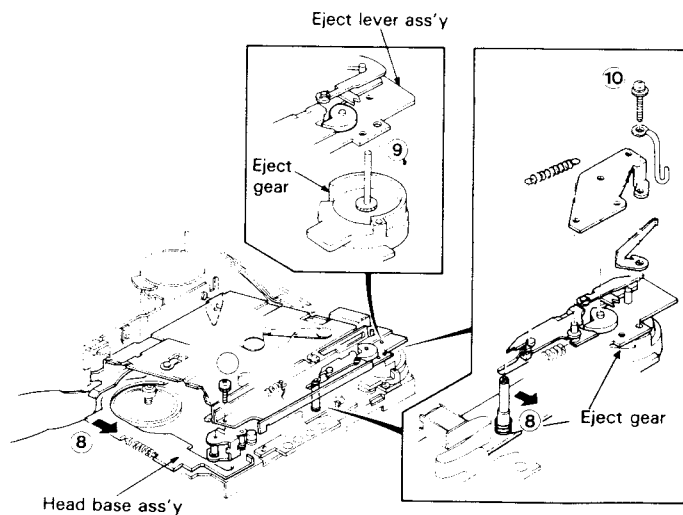


Fig. 4 Procedure for mounting the eject lever

### 7. To Remove the REW Solenoid

Remove the screw ①.

### 8. To Remove the Reverse Solenoid.

Remove the screws ②.

### 9. To Remove the R/F Solenoid

Remove the screw ③.

### 10. To Remove the Motor

Remove the screws ④.

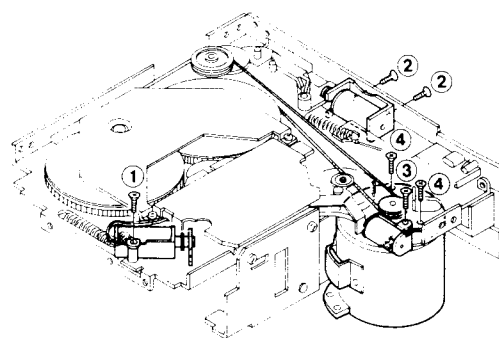


Fig. 5 Procedure for removing the solenoids

## DISASSEMBLY FOR REPAIR

### 11. To Remove the Belt

Remove the screws ⑤.

When assembling, clean the belt with pure alcohol before mounting.

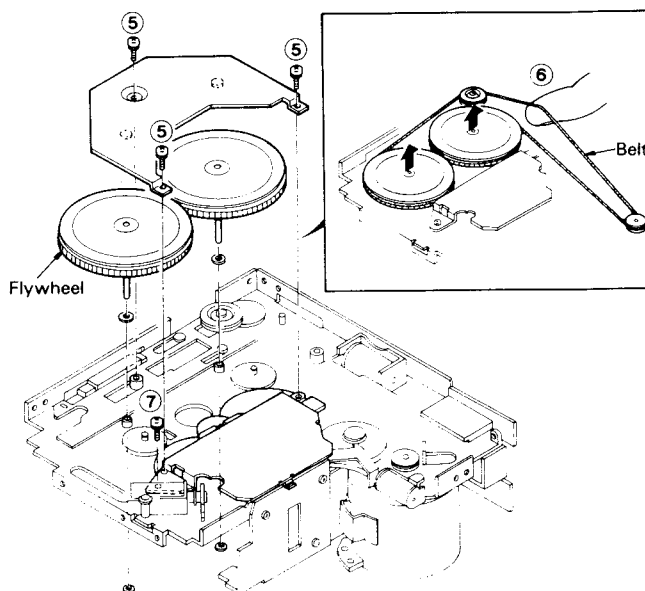


Fig. 6 Procedure for removing the flywheels and reels

### 12. To Remove the Reels

Remove the two flywheels, and remove the screw ⑦.

Remove the guide bracket by removing the screws ⑧. Compress the B.T. spring ⑪, and remove the reels in the direction shown by arrow ⑫. Take off the reels after removing the lock washers.

Remove the solder from the reed SW board and the metal fittings (⑬).

Remove the screw ⑭, and remove the reed SW board.

\* Assembly should be carried in the reverse order to disassembly.

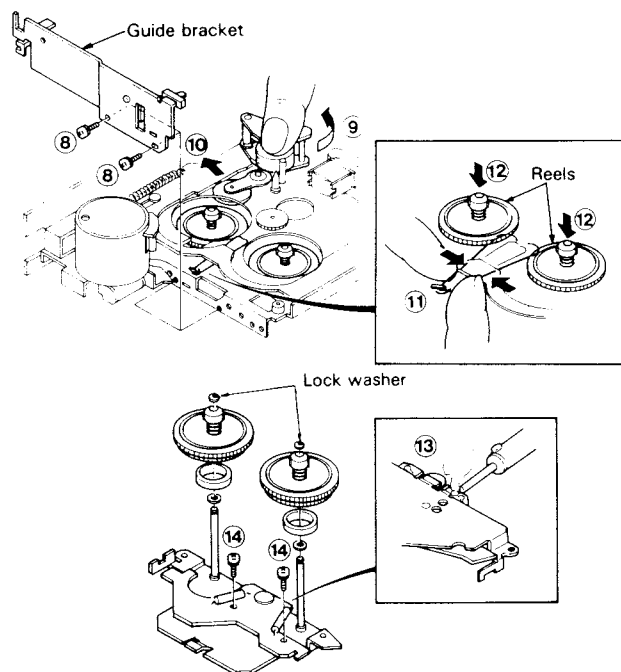


Fig. 7 Procedure for removing the metal fittings fixing the reels

## MECHANISM DESCRIPTION

### 1. AUTO-LOADING Operation

When a cassette tape is inserted, the microswitch turns on, the power is turned on, the motor rotates and the idle pulley B rotates. Then, the eject idler gear C mounted on the head base rotates, and the gear A of the planetary gear portion rotates. Next the whole planetary gear mechanism rotates to turn the pinion gear D. Accordingly, the eject lever assembly E moves leftwards, and the lock pin F enters the groove of the eject lever G. The lock pin is held by the keep solenoid.

**Note:** If the motor of the removed mechanism is to be powered, load a cassette tape or push in the cassette guide. If the motor is powered without doing this, the mechanism may malfunction.

### 2. CASSETTE STANDBY and EJECT Operations

(1) In CASSETTE STANDBY (PAUSE) operation, if the C.STBY button is depressed to release the hold of the keep solenoid, the eject lock lever is released and the cassette holder is lifted up to the position of the cassette insertion port by the strong tensile eject spring.

At this time, the cassette guide is locked so that the cassette tape is not ejected. In pause release, play mode is automatically obtained by a depression of the C.STBY button or by a C.STBY signal of the tuner.

(2) The EJECT operation releases the keep solenoid and simultaneously activates the music sensor (MS) solenoid to operate, releasing the lock of the cassette guide to eject the cassette tape.

Therefore, if the Memory Backup lead (Yellow) is not connected to the power when ignition key is turned off (key-off), the MS solenoid does not operate, and the cassette tape is not ejected.

### 3. FF/REW Operation

This mechanism performs FF/REW operation with respect to tape running direction. That is depression of the FF button activates operations at the normal side and the reverse side in opposite directions to each other. This is decided by the control circuit.

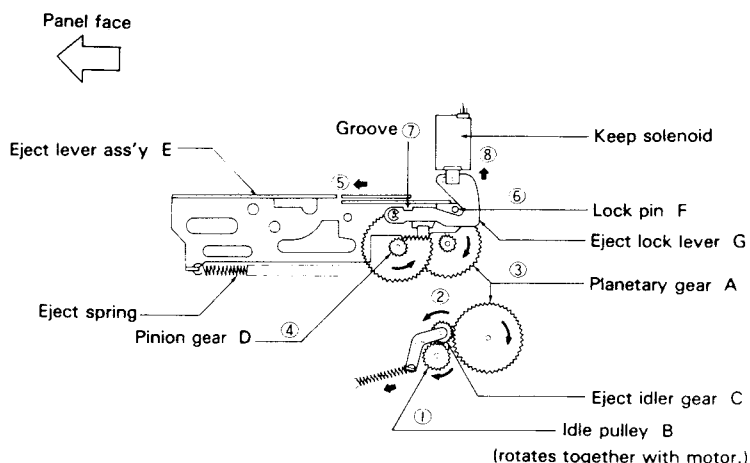


Fig. 8 AUTO-LOADING operation

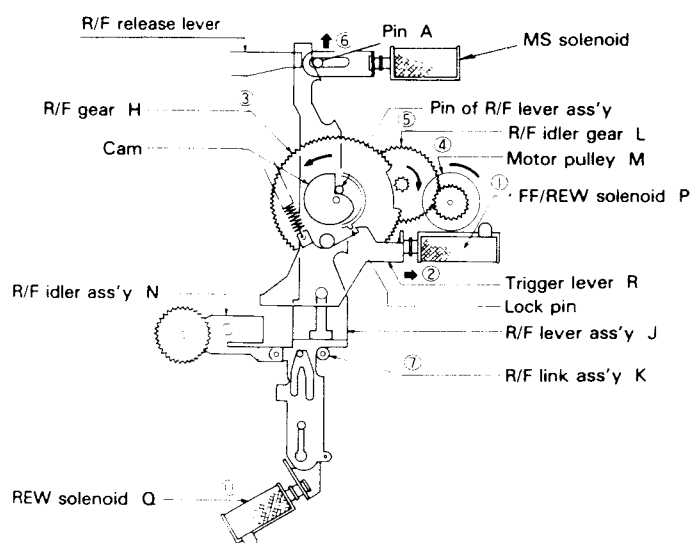


Fig. 9 FF/REW operation

## MECHANISM DESCRIPTION

The following is the operational description for the normal direction.

### (1) FF

When the FF/REW solenoid P operates, the trigger lever R is pulled to release the lock of the R/F gear H and the R/F gear rotates. Then, the R/F gear engages with the R/F idler gear L through the constantly rotating motor pulley M and rotates by 360 degrees. At the same time, the R/F lever assembly J is pushed up by the cam on the R/F gear in the direction shown by the arrow in Fig. 9. When the R/F lever assembly moves, the pin 1 of the R/F link assembly K is kept directed by a spring to the groove at the left side of the R/F lever assembly. Further, the pin 2 of the R/F link is pushed up in the direction shown by the arrow in Fig. 10, and the R/F idler assembly N interlocking with the pin 3 moves to the flywheel and the reel of the take-up side and transmits rotation to perform fast forward operation.

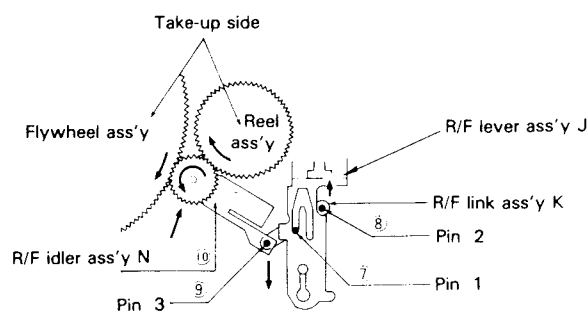


Fig. 10 FF operation

### (2) REW

At REW operation, the REW solenoid Q operates in addition to the operation of the FF/REW solenoid, and the pin 1 of the R/F link assembly is directed to the groove at the right side of the R/F lever assembly. Then, the pin 3 of the R/F link assembly is pushed up in the direction shown by the arrow in Fig. 11. The R/F idler assembly interlocking this pin 3 moves to the flywheel and the reel of the supply side to rewind the tape.

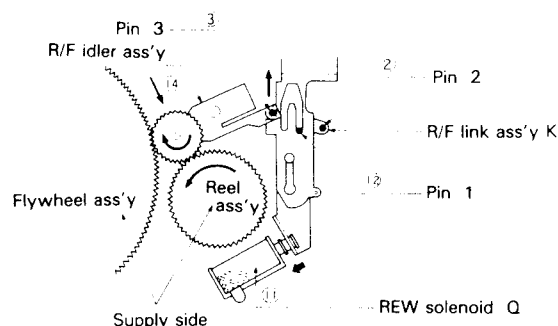


Fig. 11 REW operation

### 4. AUTO-REVERSE Operation

The reed switch detects, and the reverse solenoid is driven by the control circuit. When the reverse solenoid operates, the lock of the R/F release lever S is released. The R/F release lever pushes the change gear T to rotate it. Then, the change gear engages with the continuously rotating reverse idler gear U and rotates by 180 degrees. At this time, the roller mounted on the rear face of the change gear moves the select lever to switch the contact pressure of the pinch roller, reversing the tape running direction. Further, the slide switch on the head and sw pcb is moved to switch the track.

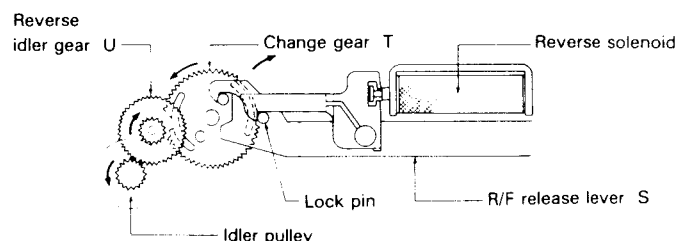
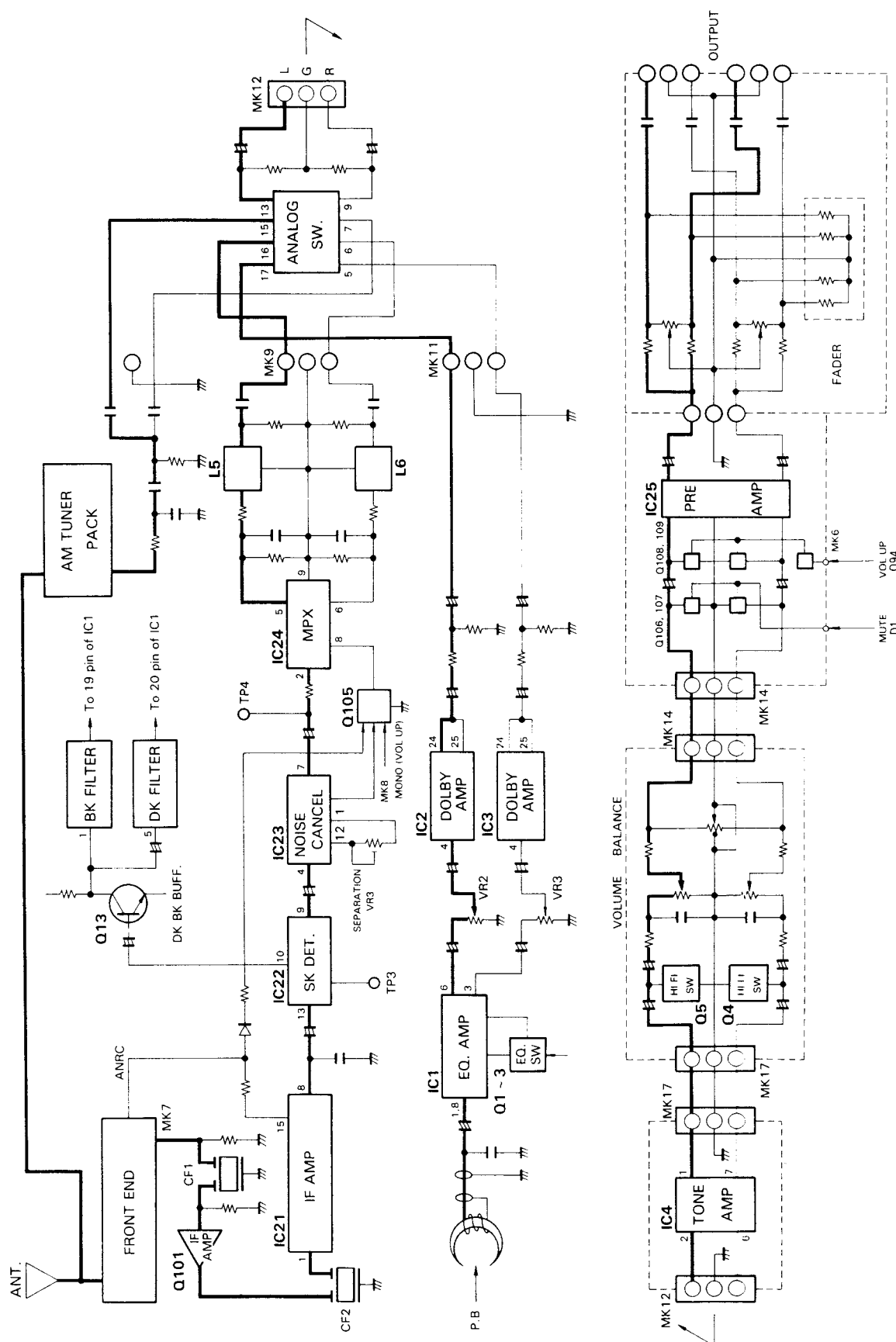


Fig. 12 AUTO-REVERSE operation

### 5. TAPE ADVANCE

The head also picks up the signal at the time of FF/REW operation. The tape advance circuit senses gaps between five selections and activates the MS solenoid for releasing FF/REW and returning to PLAY. For REPEAT operation, the in-between music gap or the end of a selection is sensed during PLAY and the tape advance operation to the REW direction to find the top of that music for replay performed by the control circuit.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



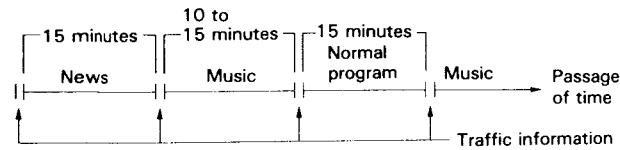


CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

1 Functional classification of the ARI system

The ARI system permits the insertion of traffic information into an ordinary FM programming every 10 to 15 minutes. An example is illustrated in Fig. 13.



(Prior to the 15 to 30 second traffic information, an ID tone is given.)

Fig. 13

The ARI system can be roughly classified into the following three according to reception functions.

- SK: Sender Kennung (The broadcasting station ID system)
- DK: Drucksage Kennung (The traffic message ID system)
- BK: Bereich Kennung (The broadcasting station's service area ID system)

In the actual market, depending on the grade of products, various products are available, such as the one incorporating SK only, SK + DK = SDK, or SDK + BK = VL (KRC-929D) (Verkehrslasts für Langstreckenfahrer).

2 SK system

The ID system which determines whether a broadcasting station is one which provides traffic information or not. The broadcasting station ID signal (57 kHz) is called the SK signal. The SK signal is a 57 kHz subcarrier signal and is the third higher harmonic wave of the stereo pilot signal (19 kHz) as shown in Figs. 14 and 15 and is modulated with  $\pm 4$  kHz which is equivalent to 5.33% of the maximum FM modulation 75 kHz.

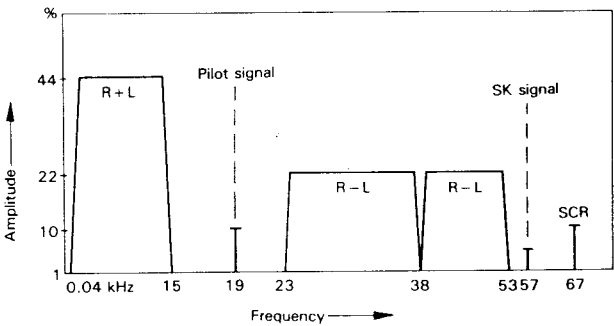


Fig. 14

Frequency spectrum of the modulated waves of FM stereo broadcast and the ARI signal

By detecting the absence/presence of the SK signal, the KRC-929D (SK system) has the following functions.

- (1) If the station tuned in is a station which provides traffic information, the SK lamp lights.
- (2) In this model permits only a station which provides traffic information to be auto-searched. (SK-SEARCH)

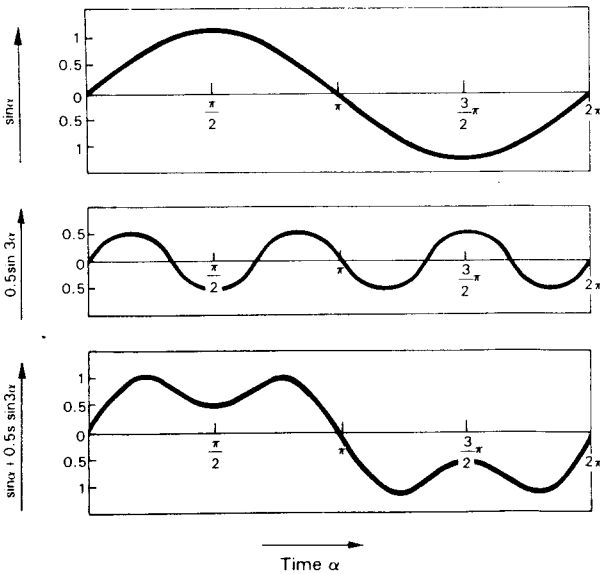


Fig. 15

Synthesized waveform of the basic wave (1.9 kHz) and 0.5 [3rd higher harmonic wave (57 kHz)]

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### 3 DK system

The DK system is a traffic message ID system and this ID signal (125 Hz) is called the DK signal.

The DK signal uses the SK signal as a subcarrier and is AM-modulated by 125 Hz before being sent. The modulation factor is 30%.

The DK signal is sent immediately before the traffic information is broadcast until it ends.

By detecting the absence/presence of this 125 Hz signal, the DK system has the following functions.

#### (1) Interrupt function

Even while you are listening to a cassette tape, either the SK or DK FM broadcast is being monitored and the moment traffic information is received, the audio output is automatically switched from the tape to the FM broadcast (traffic information).

#### (2) Volume increase function

Once the traffic information is received, the volume is automatically increased to a certain value even if it is fully turned down. (A certain value will be 6 mV by DIN output)

### 4 BK system

This is an area ID system. Each broadcasting station's service area is divided into 11 traffic area blocks, to each of which letters A to F are assigned.

The 6 types of ID signal (BK signal) have an extremely low frequency and are formed by AM-modulating the SK signal.

As shown in Fig. 16, frequencies from A to F include those from 23.75 Hz to 53.98 Hz which are formed by counting down the 19 kHz stereo pilot signal. (Fig. 17)

The AM modulation factor of each BK signal is 60%.

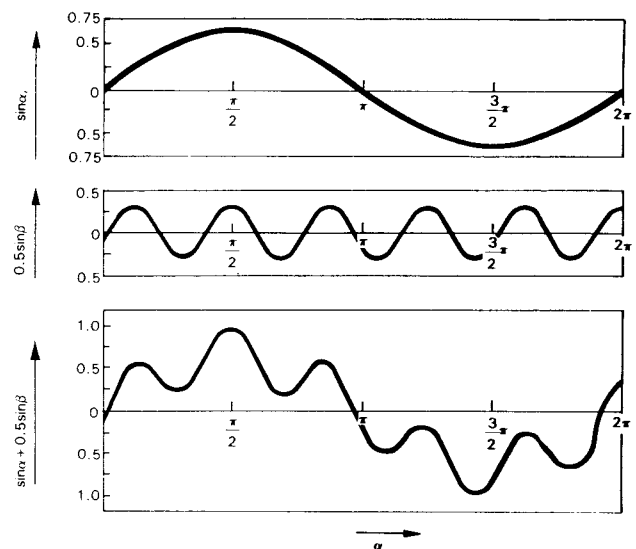


Fig. 16 Synthesized waveform of the BK signal (block A) and the DK signal

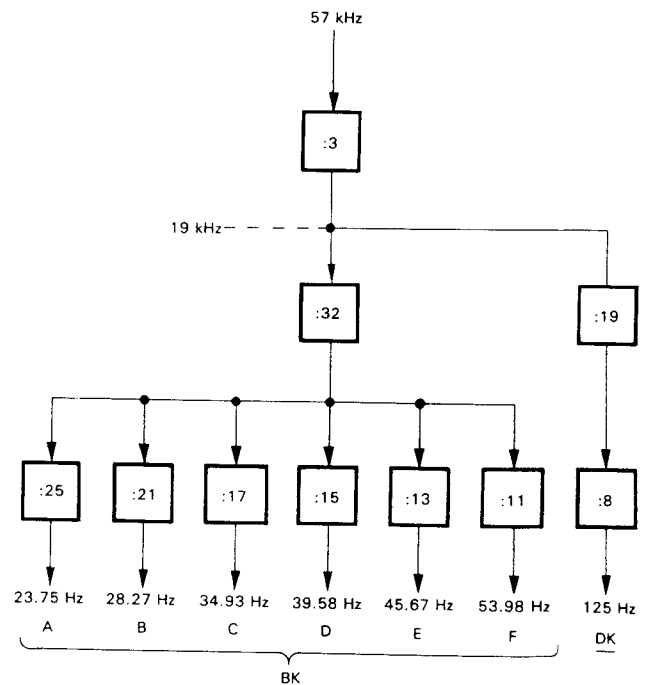


Fig. 17 Area ID (BK) signal and traffic message (DK) signal

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### 5 ARI system

As described above, in the ARI system, all the system parameters can be obtained by either multiplying or counting down the stereo pilot signal. The feature of the ARI system is maximized when using an automatic tuning car radio (synthesizer tuner) with built-in decoders. In other words, if the

SK, BK and DK decoders are in operation, search automatically stops at the preset station, allowing the user to listen to the traffic information of the given area.

If the user is going from one area to another and if the corresponding ID code key for the next area is pressed, search automatically starts when the current area's reception level lowers.

Fig. 17 shows the "flow of road traffic information" and Fig. 18 illustrates the "block divisions of traffic information in West Germany".

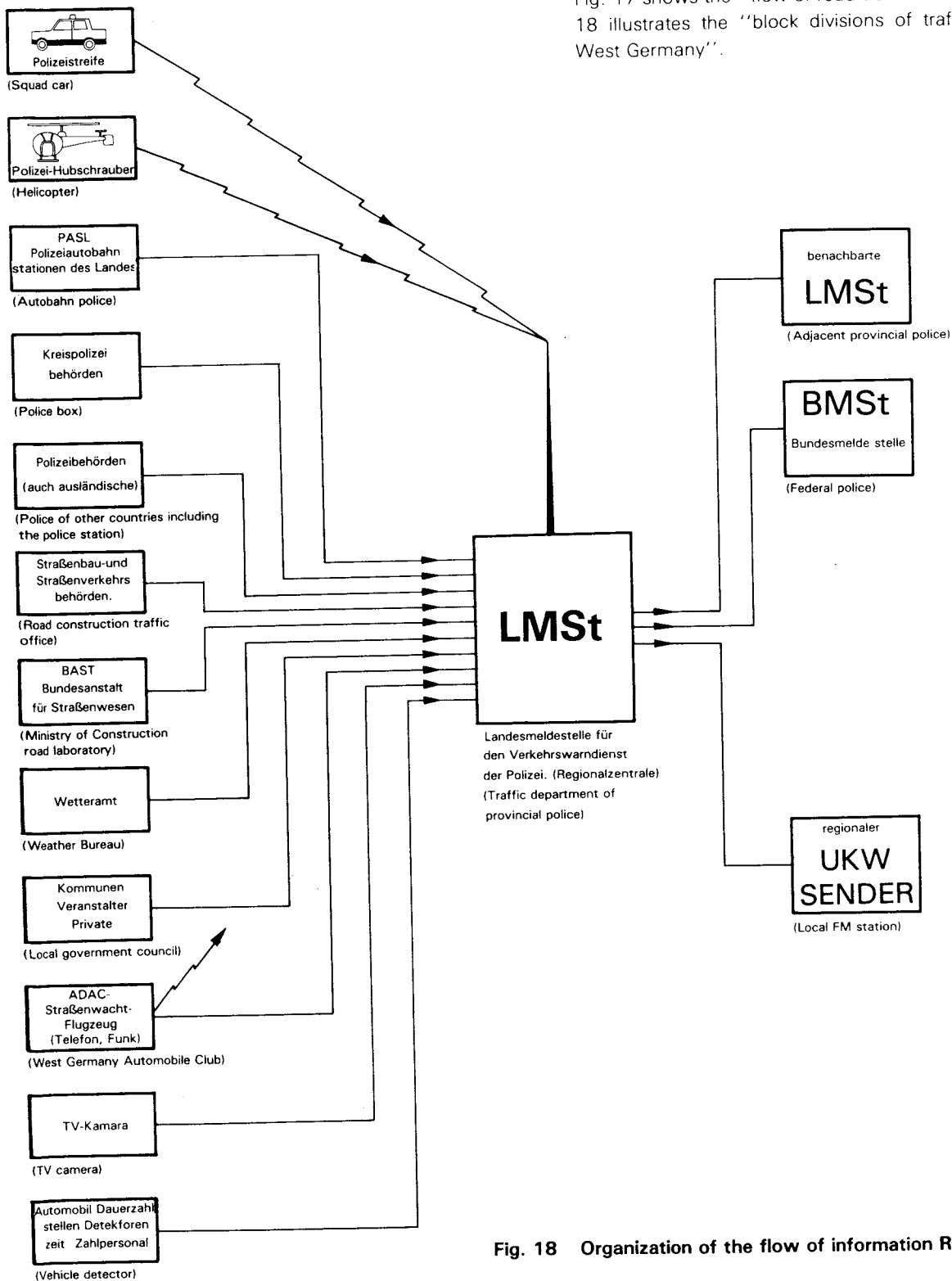


Fig. 18 Organization of the flow of information Regional structure

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

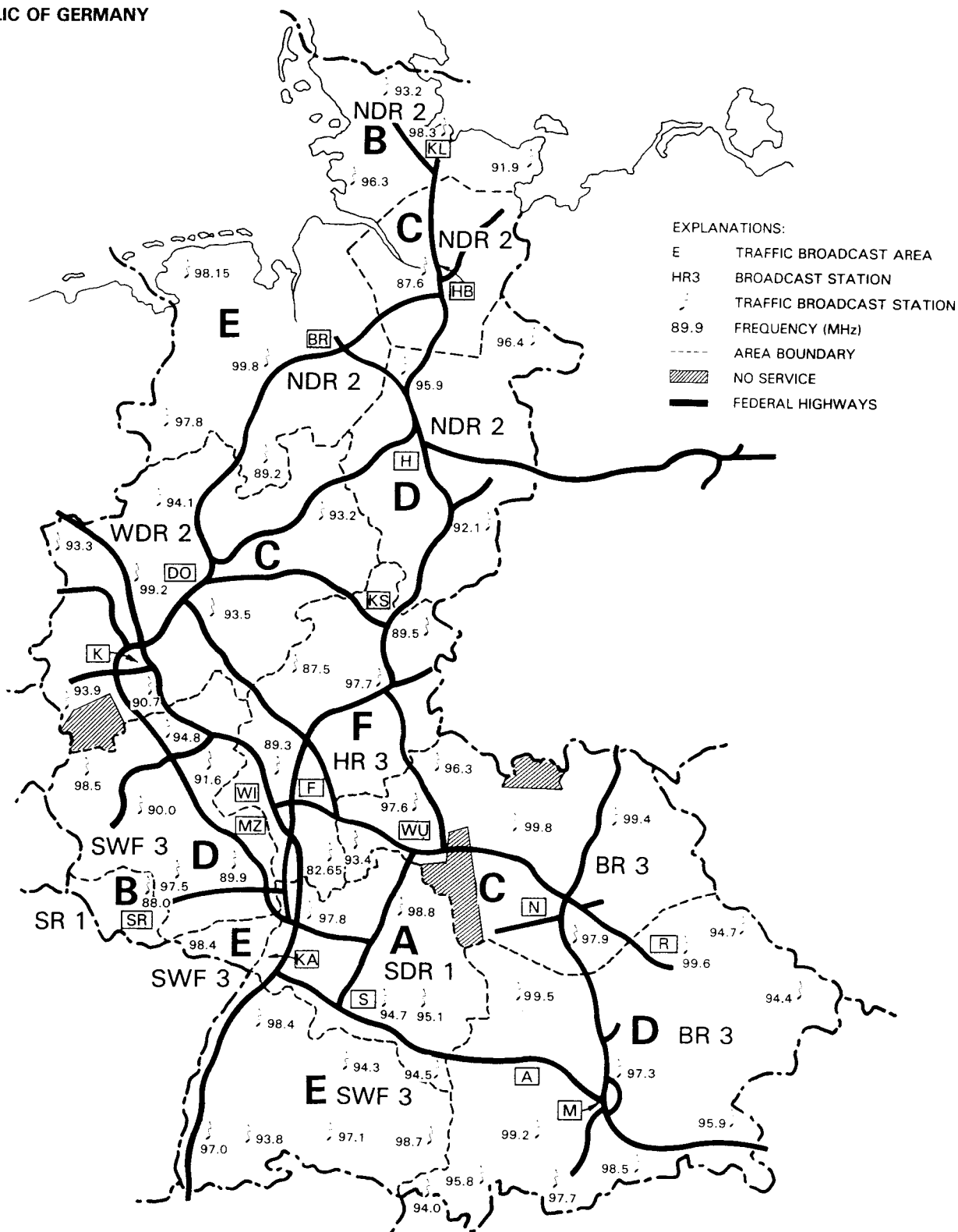
TRAFFIC BROADCAST AREAS  
AND STATIONS OF THE FEDERAL  
REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

Fig. 19 Block divisions of traffic information in West Germany

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### BASIC OPERATION FLOW CHART

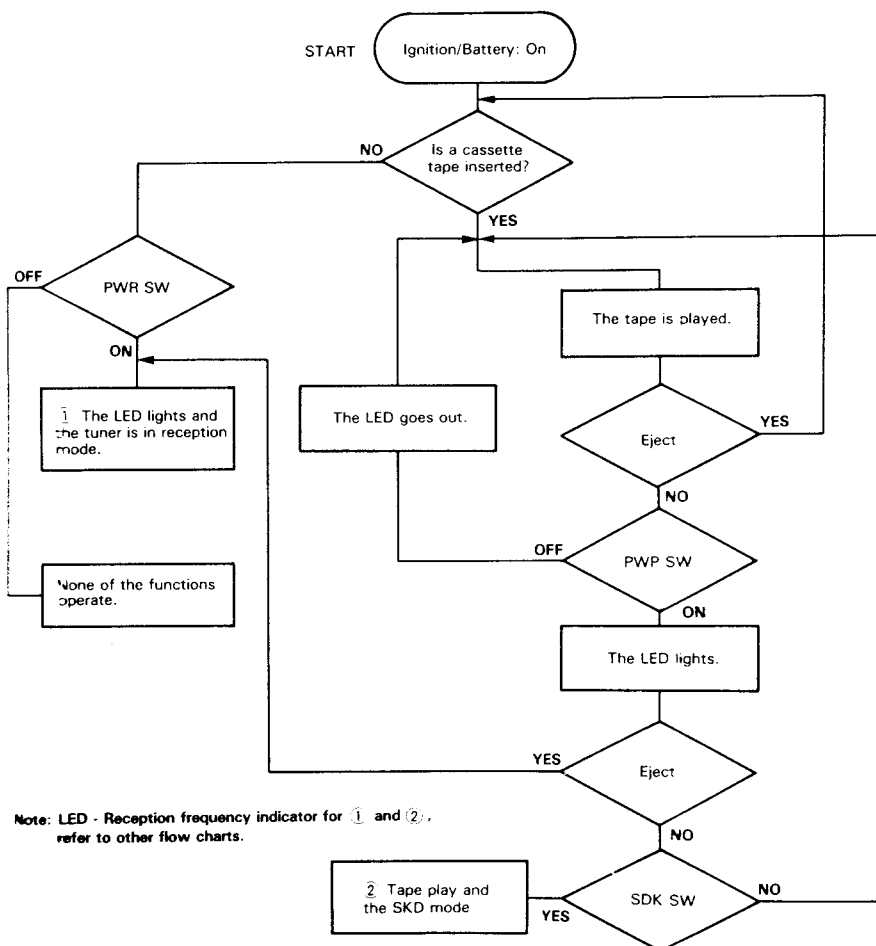


Fig. 20 Basic flow (tape and tuner)

### Tuner reception mode (band switching)

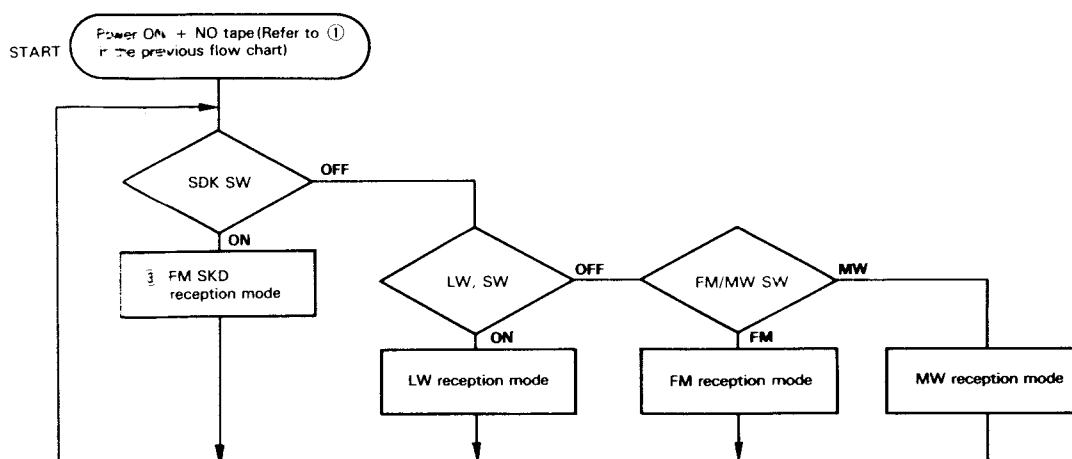
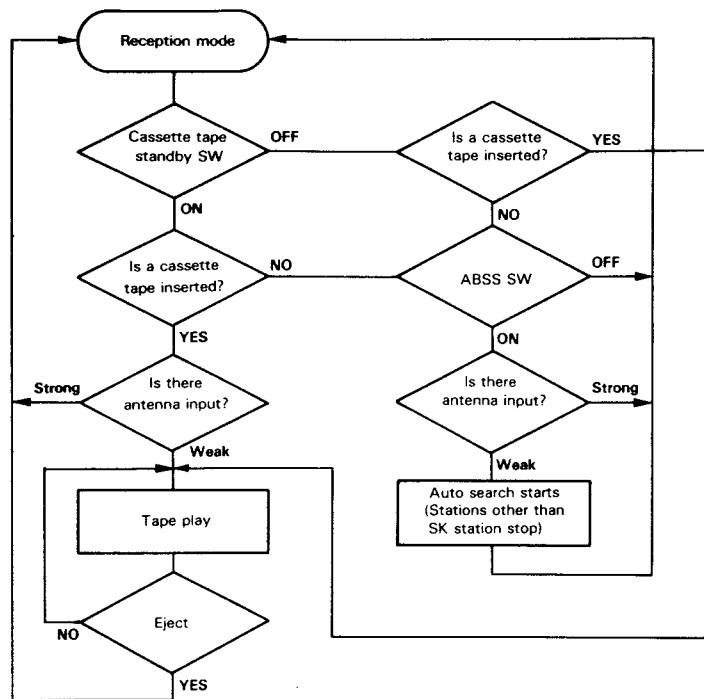


Fig. 21 Tuner mode

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION



Although the priority is the same, the only difference is that even if the cassette standby is on, unless a cassette tape is inserted, the ABSS operates.

Fig. 22 Cassette standby and ABSS

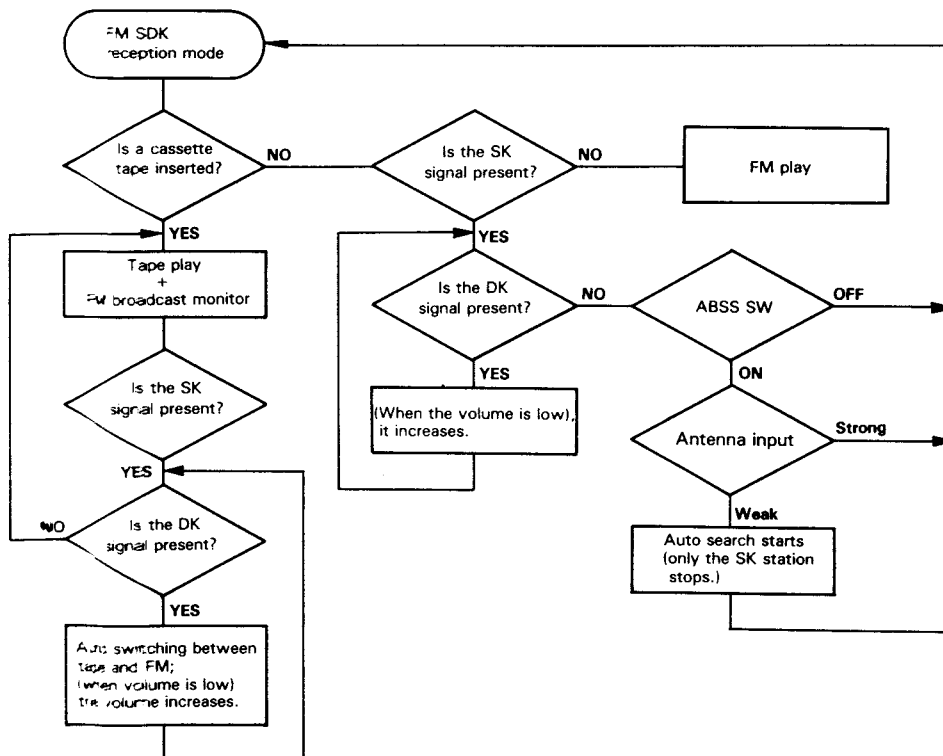


Fig. 23 SDK

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION OF IC1 ( $\mu$ PD1710G-012)

3-band PLL frequency synthesizer and controller for car stereos for Europe

$\mu$ PD1710G-012 (52-pin flat package or quad-in-line package) is a tuning system LSI IC for car stereos for Europe. This IC has 3 reception bands which are including LW, MW and FM as well as decoding functions for DK and BK of ARI (traffic information).

## 1. FEATURES

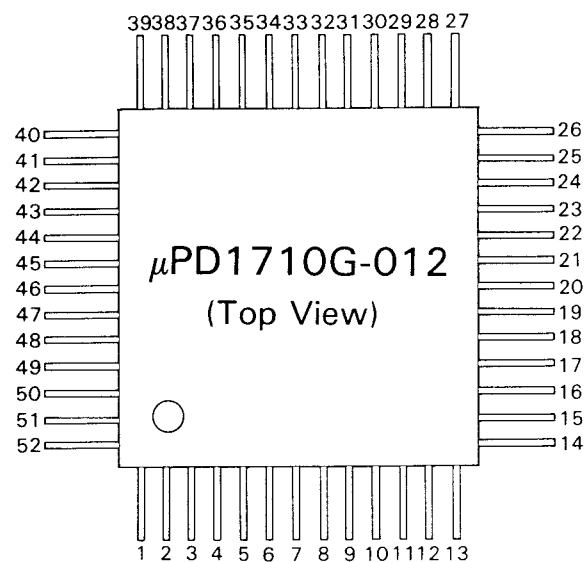
- DK and BK decoding of ARI, audio output control and display
- Preset memory of 6-stations each in 3 bands: LW, MW and FM
- 2 kHz shift of LW band
- Preset memory display
- SEEK
- Momentary band switch

## Functions for ARI

1. BK and DK signal decoding
2. DK standby possible in cassette mode
3. BK search (area specified search)
4. DK standby in ARI band

## 2. HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

## 2-1 Pin connection (TOP VIEW)



No	Pin name	No	Pin name
1	D1	27	*
2	MUTE	28	FM (PA1)
3	X2	29	MW (PA2)
4	X1	30	LW (PA3)
5	$V_{DD}$	31	Sh (PD3)
6	$V_{DD}$	32	ALARM (VDP)
7	$V_{DD}$	33	$V_{DD}$
8	EO1	34	Sa
9	GND	35	Sb
10	GND	36	Sc
11	EO2	37	Sd
12	CE	38	Se
13	SD	39	*
14	*	40	Sf
15	FM fin	41	Sg
16	PSC	42	K0
17	Pull up to $V_{DD}$ (INT)	43	K1
18	MW fin	44	K2
19	BK-IN (PC2)	45	*
20	DK-IN (PC3)	46	K3
21	*	47	*
22	C (PB0)	48	D6
23	A + B (PB1)	49	D5
24	AGC Cut (PB2)	50	D4
25	TAPE (PB3)	51	D3
26	ARI (PA3)	52	D2

$V_{DD}$  and GND are classified internally as follows.

5 CPU and port

6 Oscillating programmable counter

7 EO1 and EO2

33 Internally connected to pin 7

9 CPU, port, etc.

10 EO1 and EO2

\* Not used

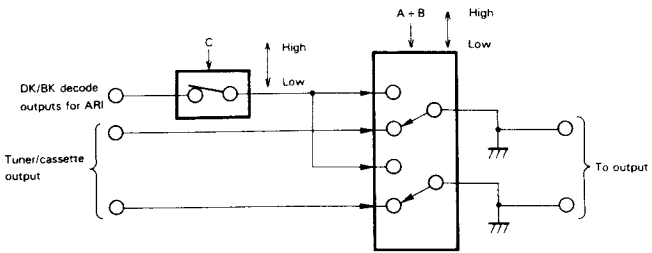
\* Not used

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Pin number	Symbol	I/O	Pin name	Description	Active
34 - 41	Sa - Sg	O	Segment Output	Display segment signal output and key return signal source pins. (For details, see key matrix configuration.)	H
42 - 46	K0 - K3	I	Key Return Signal Input	Key return signal input pins from the external key matrix. (For details, see key matrix configuration.)	
48 - 52 1	D1 - D6	O	Digit Output	Display digit output pins.	H
2	MUTE-1	O	MUTE 1	Muting output pin which mutes shock noise when the lock of the PLL is disturbed. There are two mute output pins. MUTE-1 is output under the following conditions. a. When the PLL data has been changed. b. When the band has been changed c. When the output is switched between the A + B and C outputs d. When the cassette is loaded or unloaded. e. While CE pin is low. However, as long as TAPE is on, a and b are not output. (For details, see muting timing diagram.)	L
3 4	X1 X2		X'tal	Pins to which crystal oscillator is connected. A 4.5 MHz crystal is connected.	
5 6 7 33	V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply pin of this device. To operate the device, a voltage of 5 V $\pm$ 10% should be supplied. To retain the internal data memory (RAM), the voltage may be lowered to 3.0 V. However, the rise time of V <sub>DD</sub> should be 500 msec or less. If the rise time is extremely long, initialization may not operate normally.	
8 11	EO1 EO2	O	Error Out	Charge pump output for the phase detector which comprises the PLL. If the frequency counted down from the oscillatory frequency is higher than the reference frequency, a high level signal is output from these pins; if it is lower, a low level signal is output. Since the same signals are output to pins EO1 and EO2 at the same time, these can be connected to either AM/LW or FM/ARI LPF (lowpass filter).	
9 10	GND		Ground	System ground.	
12	CE		Chip Enable	Device's select signal input pin. To operate this device normally, this pin should be set to high; if the device is not to be used, set this pin to low level. However, input below 134 $\mu$ sec is not accepted.	H
13	SD	I	Station Detector	Input pin which detects whether or not a broadcasting station has been tuned during auto tuning (auto up/down), scan tuning (scan) or BK search tuning. When a high level signal is input, auto tuning is stopped. However, it is necessary to input within 25 msec after the PLL is locked. (However, in LW band, it is necessary to input within 125 msec.)	H
15	FM	I	FM Local Oscillator Signal Input	This is an FM programmable counter input. The outputs counting down the FM local oscillator (VCO) outputs by prescaler $\mu$ PB553AC by 16 and 17 are input. Since this incorporates an AC amp, the DC component is cut with a capacitor.	
16	PSC	O	Prescaler Control	If the frequency dividing system employs the pulse swallow system (in FM), this pin outputs a signal which switches the frequency dividing ratio. This pin to PSC pin of prescaler $\mu$ PB553AC is connected. The frequency dividing ratios of $\mu$ PB553AC is 1/16 and 1/17.	
17	INT		Interrupt	Not used. Leave this pin at high level.	
18	AM	I	AM Local Oscillator Signal Input	This is a programmable counter input for MW and LW. The local oscillator (VCO) output of MW and LW is input. Since this pin incorporates an AC amp, the DC component is cut with a capacitor.	
19	BK - IN	I	BK Signal Inputs	Input pin for the area ID signal (BK signal: 23 to 57 Hz) of the ARI. One cycle is counted using 200 $\mu$ sec scan pulse from the leading edge of the BK signal; using the count value, an area is judged from 6 areas A to F.	
20	DK - IN	I	DK Signal Inputs	Input pin for the message ID signal (DK signal: 125 Hz). This is judged by the number of inversions of the DK signal during approx. 360 msec.	



## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Pin number	Symbol	I/O	Pin name	Description	Active
22 23	C A + B	O	ARI/TUNER & TAPE Output Control	Control output pins for the DK and BK signal decode outputs of the ARI. Switching is made between the ARI broadcast and tuner/cassette output.  	
24	MUTE-2	O	MUTE 2	The muting output pin for muting the shock noise generated when the PLL lock is disturbed. MUTE-2 is output in the following mode: a. Auto tuning	H
25	TAPE	O	TAPE	Output pin in tape mode. This pin goes high when the alternate type cassette switch is turned on.	H
26 28 29 30	ARI FM MW LW	O	ARI FM MW LW	Output pins for MW/LW/FM and ARI bands. Each signal output corresponding to the select key of each band. However, in tape mode, the MW, LW and FM band signals are not output.	H
31	SEG-F	O	Segment h Output	Segment output pin for display. This is used for displaying segments of 50 kHz, decimal point, colon and memory. (For details, refer to display section.)	H
32	ALARM	O	ALARM	Not used.	H

### 2-2 Outline of functions

#### (1) Reception frequency

Band	Frequency range	Channel space		Reference	IF
		Manual	Auto		
MW	531 ~ 1602 kHz	9 kHz	9 kHz	9kHz	+ 450 kHz
FM ARI	87.50 ~ 108.00 MHz	50 kHz	50 kHz	25 kHz	+ 10.700 MHz
LW (LW-1 ~ LW-4)	153 ~ 281 kHz	1 kHz	9 kHz	1kHz	+ 450 kHz

**\*Note:** In manual operation using the LW band, the frequency counts up or down with a channel space of 1 kHz within the frequency range given above. However, in auto scanning operation, the frequency stops at the following four frequencies as preset by the initial setting switch.

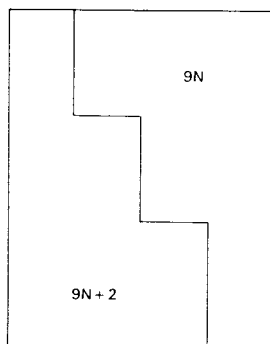
## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

\* Frequencies at which SEEK stops in LW band

Band	LW-1	LW-2	LW-3	LW-4	*1 CH NO.
Frequency (kHz)	155	153	153	153	00
	164	162	162	162	10
	173	171	171	171	20
	182	180	180	180	30
	191	189	189	189	40
	200	200	198	198	50
	209	209	207	207	60
	218	218	216	216	70
	227	227	225	225	80
	236	236	234	234	90
	245	245	245	243	A0
	254	254	254	252	B0
	263	263	263	261	C0
	272	272	272	270	D0
	281	281	281	279	E0

L-1	L-2	BAND
1	1	LW-1
1	0	LW-2
0	0	LW-3
0	1	LW-4

L-1, L-2; For details, see key-matrix configuration. (Service compatible)



\*1 The first digit of the channel number is 1/9 counter.

- The right side is a multiple of 9.
- The left side is a multiple of 9 plus 2.

## (2) Tuning functions

- 1 Manual tuning (sawtooth wave mode)  
(UP and DOWN keys) Each time this key is depressed, the frequency counts up or down by 1 step; if it is held depressed for approx. 0.4 sec or more, rapid advance is enabled.
- 2 SEEK (sawtooth wave mode)  
(SEEK key) If this key is depressed, the frequency is automatically counted up. In the case of LW, MW and FM bands, if the SD pin goes high, it is taken that tuning has been made, and the station is held. In the ARI band, SK seek results; if the SD pin and count enable pin go high, it is taken that tuning has been made, the BK signal permits the area to be displayed and the tuned station is held.
- 3 Recalling the preset memory (in LW, MW and FM bands) (M1, M2, M3, M4, M5 and M6)  
Six stations each can be preset for the LW, MW and FM bands individually. For example, if the M1 key is depressed in MW mode, the MW frequency stored in the M1 key can be called up. The same thing can be applied to the LW and FM bands; the frequency in each mode can be recalled.
- 4 Recalling the preset memory (the ARI band only)  
(Keys required: A, B, C, D, E and F)  
One station each can be preset for each area. For example, if the A key is depressed, the frequency of area A can be recalled. Likewise, for B to F keys, the frequency of each area can be recalled. If the same key as the display area is depressed, BK seek starts and the area specified auto tuning results.

## (3) ARI functions

The ARI is a traffic information broadcast in West Germany. It is inserted in the regular programming one to four times per hour for a duration of several tens of seconds to a few minutes. The frequency used is from 87.5 to 108.0 MHz in the FM band. ARI is a multiplex broadcasting using 3 signals consisting of the SK signal (broadcasting station ID signal), BK signal (area ID signal) and DK signal (message ID signal).

The  $\mu$ PD1710G-012 checks these three signals, SK, BK and DK, using its software to provide the following functions.

- 1 SK search (the display momentarily disappears for BK signal check when search is stopped).  
To listen to traffic information, a station which transmits the SK signal should be found (SK search); upon finding, you should wait for the traffic information to start (auto tuning in the ARI band).
- 2 BK search  
To listen to the area specified traffic information, a station which transmits the SK signal should be found, then it should be checked whether the area is the required area or not. (Refer to 2-2 (2) 4.)
- 3 DK standby  
This mode is used when you do not want to listen to a broadcast until the traffic information starts or when you want to listen to a cassette tape and automatically switch over to the traffic information broadcast as soon as it begins (125 Hz input to the DK-IN pin). The DK signal is being checked at all times.

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### (4) Checking methods of the SK signal, BK signal and DK signal

- 1 SK signal: The signal which identifies a station which broadcasts traffic information. The current state of SK signal is input at all times through. (For details, refer to the circuit description.)
- 2 BK signal: In West Germany, localized traffic information is provided. For this reason, the area identification (ID) is given. Using 6 frequencies between approx. 20 to 50 Hz, the entire West Germany is divided into 13 areas assigning the 6 frequencies so that the adjacent region does not have the same identity to provide a more sophisticated service.

The precise frequencies of the BK signal in each area are as follows.

A = 23.7500 Hz  
 B = 28.2738 Hz  
 C = 34.9265 Hz  
 D = 39.5833 Hz  
 E = 45.6731 Hz  
 F = 53.9773 Hz

### 2-3 Key configuration

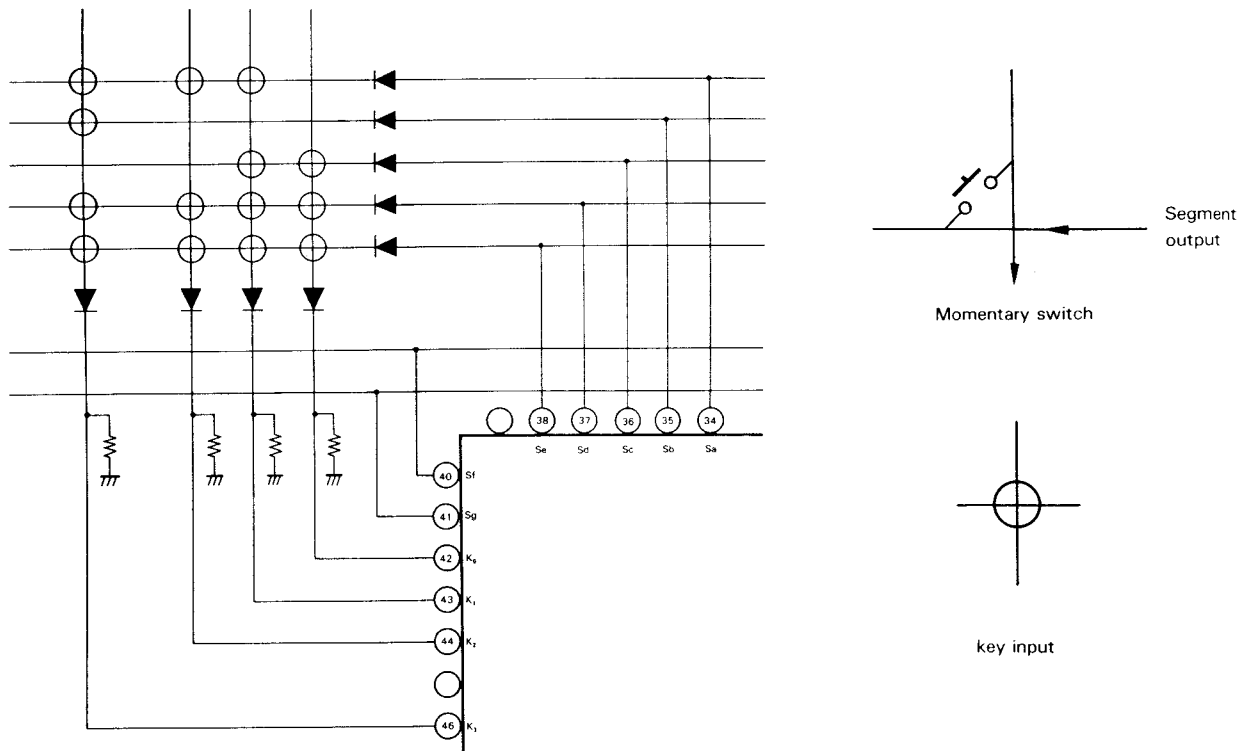
#### (1) Key matrix arrangement

Output pin \ Input pin	K <sub>3</sub>	K <sub>2</sub>	K <sub>1</sub>	K <sub>0</sub>
SEG a	① MANUAL UP	② MANUAL DOWN	③ MEMORY ENABLE	—
SEG b	④ SEEK	—	—	—
SEG c	—	—	⑤ MEMORY ① (M1)	⑥ MEMORY ② (M2)
SEG d	⑦ MEMORY ③ (M3)	⑧ MEMORY ④ (M4)	⑨ MEMORY ⑤ (M5)	⑩ MEMORY ⑥ (M6)
SEG e	⑪ LW	⑫ MW	⑬ FM	⑭ BK
SEG f	—	—	—	—
SEG g	Service compatible (L-1)	Service compatible (L-2)		—

#### Types of keys

① - ⑭ : Momentary switches

#### (2) Connection of key matrix and switch format



## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

**(3) Key switch functions****① Manual up key: S20 (UP)**

This is a manual tuning key; each time this key is depressed, the frequency counts up by 1 step. If this key is held depressed for 0.4 sec or more, the frequency counts up in rapid advance at a rate of approx. 30 ms until the key is released.

**② Manual down key: S19 (DOWN)**

This key is the same as ① above except that this key counts down instead of up.

**③ Memory enable key: S8 (M)**

This mode is used when writing a new frequency into the memory. When this key is depressed, the M lamp lights; while it is lit (for approx. 5 sec), if any key M1 (A) to M6 (F) is depressed, the frequency being displayed at that moment is written into the memory. Once it is written, the M lamp goes out.

**④ SEEK key**

This is an auto tuning key. If this key is depressed, the frequency seeks in the count up direction, and if the SD pin goes high, the frequency is held. However, it is necessary for the level to go high within 25 ms after the PLL is locked (in the case of LW band, within 125 ms). In the BK band, SK seek results; if the SD pin goes high, and the count enable pin goes high, the frequency is held. The area is displayed using the BK check and the last memory is updated.

**⑤ - ⑩ M1 to M6 (A to F)**

These are preset memory keys; a single key corresponds independently to the MW, LW, FM band and BK area identification frequency memories. Thus a total of 24 stations can be written into the memories and 6 for access only.

To call-up:

For example, if the M1 (A) key is depressed in each band, the frequency stored in each band can be recalled. If the same key as the displayed area (A) to (F) is depressed in the BK band, area specified auto tuning in the count up direction results (BK search).

To store the frequency into the memory:

After the M key ③ is depressed, if any key M1 (A) to M6 (F) is depressed while the M lamp is lit (approx. 5 sec.), the frequency being displayed at that moment is written into the memory.

**⑪ - ⑭ LW, MW, FM and BK**

These are switches to switch the reception bands. The mode changes as follows depending on the state of the initial switch (band switch).

If any key LW, MW, FM and BK is depressed, the reception band switches over to the band corresponding to the depressed key. (band switch = 0)



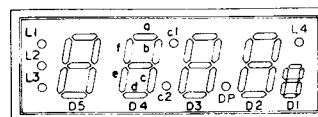
## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### 2-4 Description of the display

#### (1) Display matrix

The frequency is indicated in the 4-digit (numerals) 8-segment display.

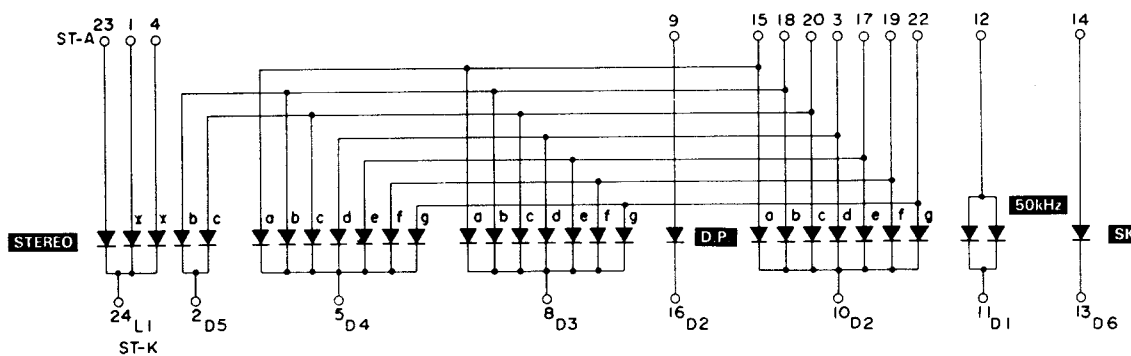
The display element is connected as shown above. ( $a_1$  -  $g_1$  and  $a_4$  -  $g_4$  each correspond to  $S_a$  to  $S_g$ .)



#### Pin connection

Pin No.	Address	Pin No.	Address
1	L3 Anode *	13	L4 Cathode
2	D5 Common Cathode	14	L4 Anode
3	d Anode *	15	a Anode
4	L2 Anode *	16	Dp Cathode
5	D4 Common Cathode	17	e Anode
6	N.C. *	18	b Anode
7	N.C. *	19	f Anode
8	D3 Common Cathode	20	c Anode
9	Dp Anode	21	N.C. *
10	D2 Common Cathode	22	g Anode
11	D1 Cathode	23	L1 Anode
12	D1 Anode	24	L1, L2, L3 Common Cathode

\*...not connected.



#### (2) Description of display

##### (1) ( $a_1$ - $g_1$ ) to ( $a_4$ - $g_4$ )

The frequency is indicated. When the highest digit ( $D_4$ ) is zero, the indication is blank.

##### (2) FM, MW, LW and BK

These indicate the reception band. During FM band reception, 'FM' is lit.

##### (3) M1 (A) to M6 (F)

During FM, MW and LW band reception, each of these is lit corresponding to the depressing of any one of M1 (A) to M6 (F) keys (5 to 10). When the frequency is changed using the DOWN, UP or SEEK key, the display becomes blank.

##### (4) A to F

During BK band reception, the BK signal area is indicated.

##### (5) 50 kHz

When indicating the frequency in the FM or BK band, this 50 kHz indication is used.

##### (6) DP (Decimal point)

When indicating the frequency in the FM or BK band, this decimal point is lit in the MHz indication.

##### (7) ME (Memory enable): M

When indicating the frequency, this is lit for approx. 5 seconds after the M key is depressed. (It lights when the preset memory is possible.)

##### (8) SK

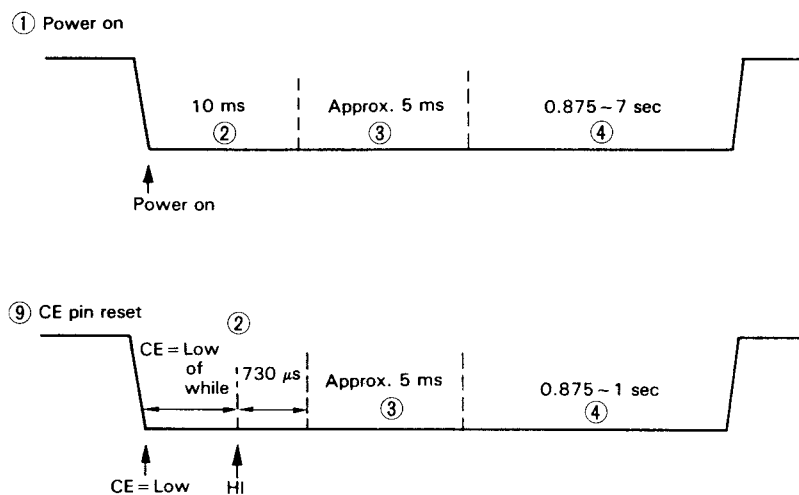
This lights when the SK signal is present in the ARI band.

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

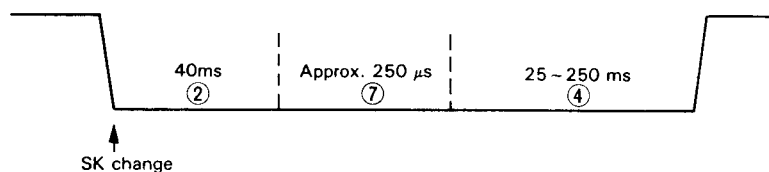
### Mute timing diagram

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| ① Key-on chattering time  | ⑥ PLL lock time   |
| ② Mute initial time   | ⑦ A + B, C (PB <sub>0</sub> , PB <sub>1</sub> ) transition time |
| ③ Setting of frequency dividing ratio and updating time of the display contents | ⑧ Timer time at range out.                                      |
| ④ Mute initial time   | ⑨ Wait time   |
| ⑤ Key scan time   |   |

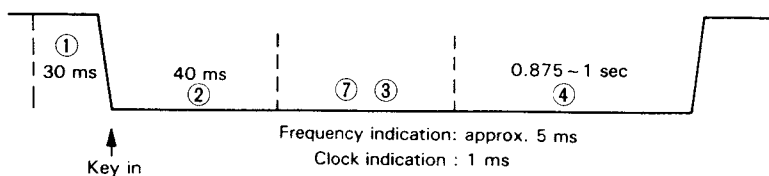
#### (1) In the case of reset



#### (2) In case the DK signal has varied (DK standby — ARI broadcast) switching between A + B and C

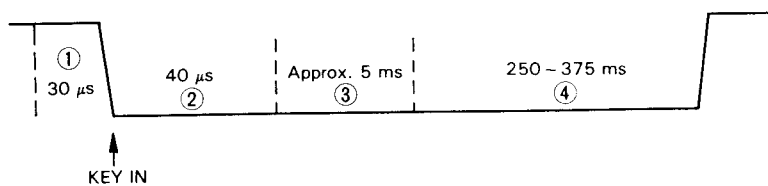


#### (3) In the case of cassette IN/OUT (ALT IN)

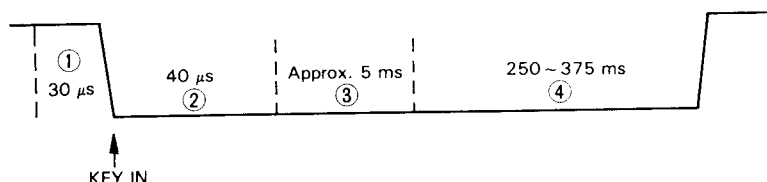


## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

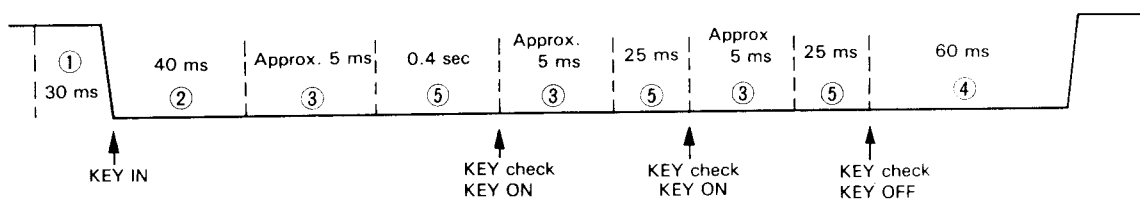
(4) In case the band has been switched (KYDECD)



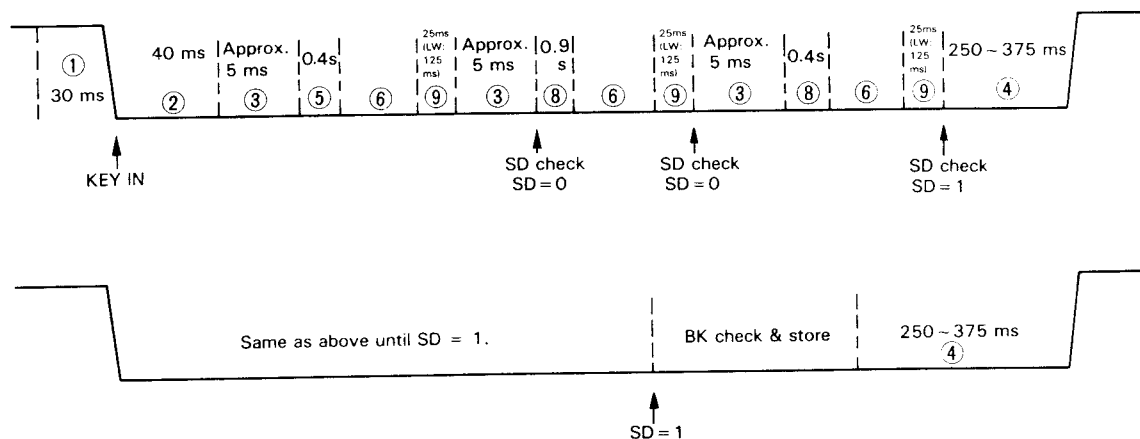
(5) In the case of reading to M1 (A) to M6 (F)



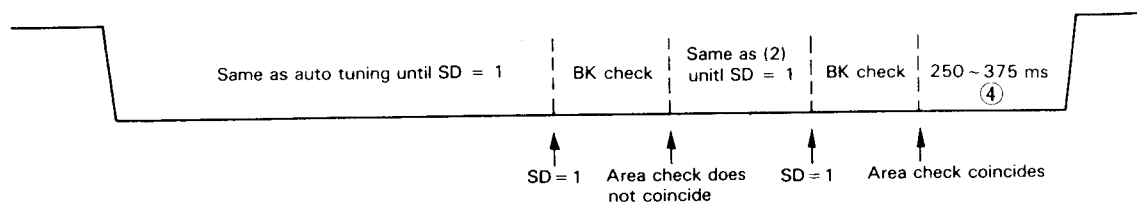
(6) In the case of manual tuning (DOWN, UP)



(7) In the case of auto tuning (SEEK)

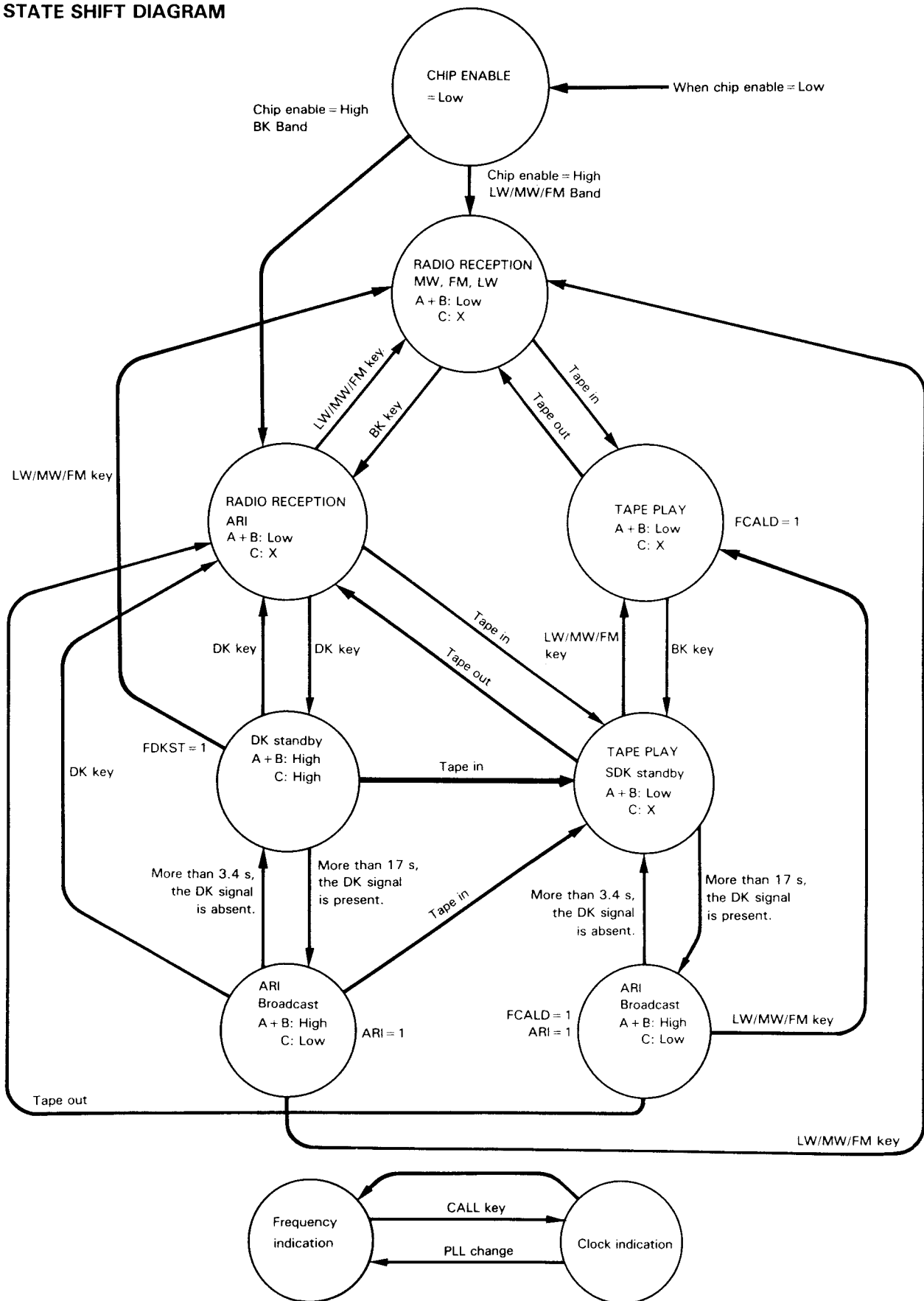


(8) In the case of BK seek (A to F keys)



## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

## 3. STATE SHIFT DIAGRAM





## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### MUTING SYSTEM

#### 1. Muting during operation

During operation, the muting signal is generated by A/4, B/4 of IC12 ( $\mu$ PD4081BG). Q50 works almost in the same way as Q48, described before under the title "analog switch control system". The collector of Q50 is low level in TAPE mode and becomes high level in TUNER mode, and a high level signal is applied to IC12 (B/4), pin 5. On the other hand, Q49 turns on and a low level signal is applied to D15 to turn it off, but D15 is turned on when the muting signal of low level is supplied from IC1 ( $\mu$ PD1710G-012), pin 2 (MUTE: Active low) to the base of Q58 to turn it on. Then, a high level signal is applied to IC12 (B/4), pin 6, both the above mentioned pins 5 and 6 become high level, a high level signal is output from pin 4, and thereby D14 is turned on resulting Q92 or 91 to turn on for MUTE (active high) output.

#### 1-1 Audio mute during TAPE to TUNER switching

During tape mode, Q49 is off and C76 is charged through R144. However, when the mode is changed to tuner mode, Q49 turns on, but as the potential charged before in C76 lowers with time constant, the output of IC12 (B/4) is held at high level, executing the mute operation until the potential becomes equal to  $V_{th}$  (threshold voltage) of the IC.

#### 1-2 Audio mute during TUNER to TAPE switching

During tuner mode, C74 is charged through R143. The charged potential lowers with time constant when the mode is changed to tape mode. While this potential is lowering to  $V_{th}$  of the IC, the output of IC12 (B/4) is held at high level, executing the mute operation.

#### 1-3 Mute in TAPE mode

In tape mode, the output of IC12 (A/4) is controlled by the output of D16, as explained in 1-2. The tape mute signal is supplied from the mechanism to D16 through R152. The mute operation is executed by this input signal. C75 works to prolong the mute operation in tape mode.

#### 1-4 Muting signal from the analog switch (IC6, pin ⑩)

Pin ⑩ of IC6 (TK10320-1) is an output terminal of the muting signal which is generated during switching between TAPE and TUNER mode described in 1-1 and 1-2 above.

This signal is one of the application IC6 has itself.

The muting signal mentioned in 1-1 ~ 1-4 above is applied to the base of Q92 through respective diode OR, thereby Q92 and Q91 are turned on, the signal is transmitted to X14-1682-70 (C/3) MK6 through D1 of the diode OR, and the muting transistors Q106 and Q107 are turned on by this signal, executing the muting operation.

#### 1-5 Muting at power off

When the power switch is turned off in tuner mode, Q48 is off as previously described, the collector is at high level, the voltage of "On B" lowers, and Q64 turns off through D83. Thus, the high level collector of Q48 turns on the diode OR D77 to turn on Q92 and Q91 mentioned before, thereby executing the muting operation.

#### 1-6 Muting at key off

When the ignition key is turned off, and the power supply voltage lowers, D87 is pulled to turn on Q93. With Q93 turned on, a high level signal is applied to one side of the diode OR D1 to turn on Q106 and Q107 of X14-1682-70 (C/3) MK6 as explained before, thereby executing the muting operation.

The diode OR D1 controls the muting transistors according to the above mentioned conditions.

The capacitor C1 is used to cut noise.

## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

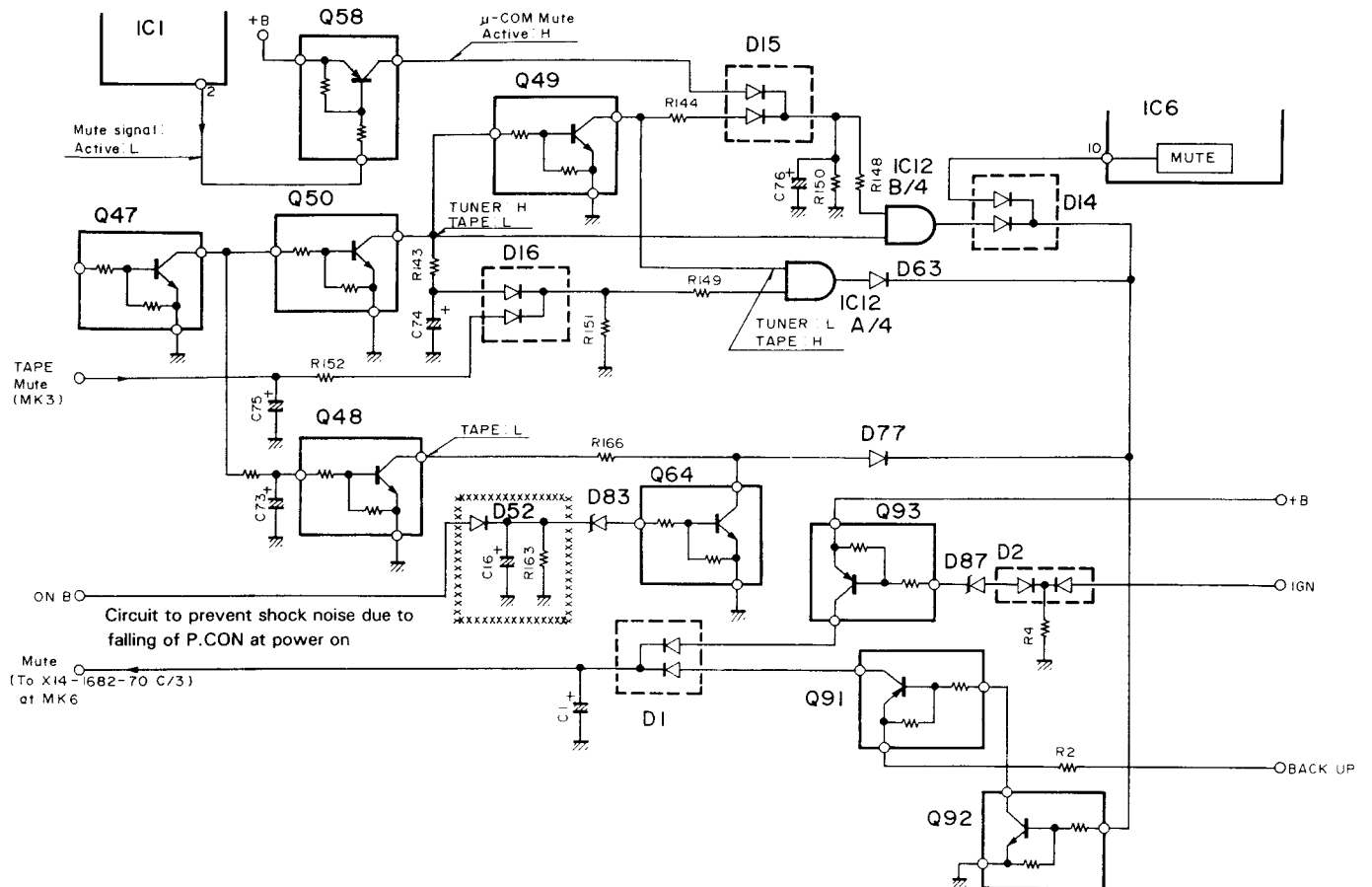


Fig. 24 Muting Circuit









## CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### ANRC (Automatic Noise Reduction Circuit)

#### 1. Blend

The signal level (signal meter out) of IC21, pin 15 is applied to IC24, pin 8 through R225, C131, D102, R224, R222 and C128.

< MONO operation at VOL up >

Q43 in X14-1682-70 (A/3) turns off when the DK signal enters, and the high level signal at the collector is applied to D103 through the connector MK8 to turn on Q105.

< MONO operation at poor receiving condition >

When a multipath occurs as the receiving condition becomes poor, a noise is output from IC23, pin 11. This noise output is used to turn on Q105 through D104, making blend.

#### 2. High-cut

This circuit especially effective for poor receiving condition, improving the S/N ratio so that the high frequencies are cut off.

The signal generated at the S-meter out of IC21, pin 15 is allowed to pass through R225 and then, it is used to drive the emitter follower made by Q101 in X14-1682-70 (A/3) through the MK7 connector.

In normal receiving condition, C52 is charged through R105. However, when the S-meter lowers rapidly as the receiving condition becomes poor, C52 is discharged with a short time constant through D34.

C52 is designed to change fast in poor receiving condition with the time constant for high-cut, and change slowly in the normal receiving condition. (See Fig. 30.)

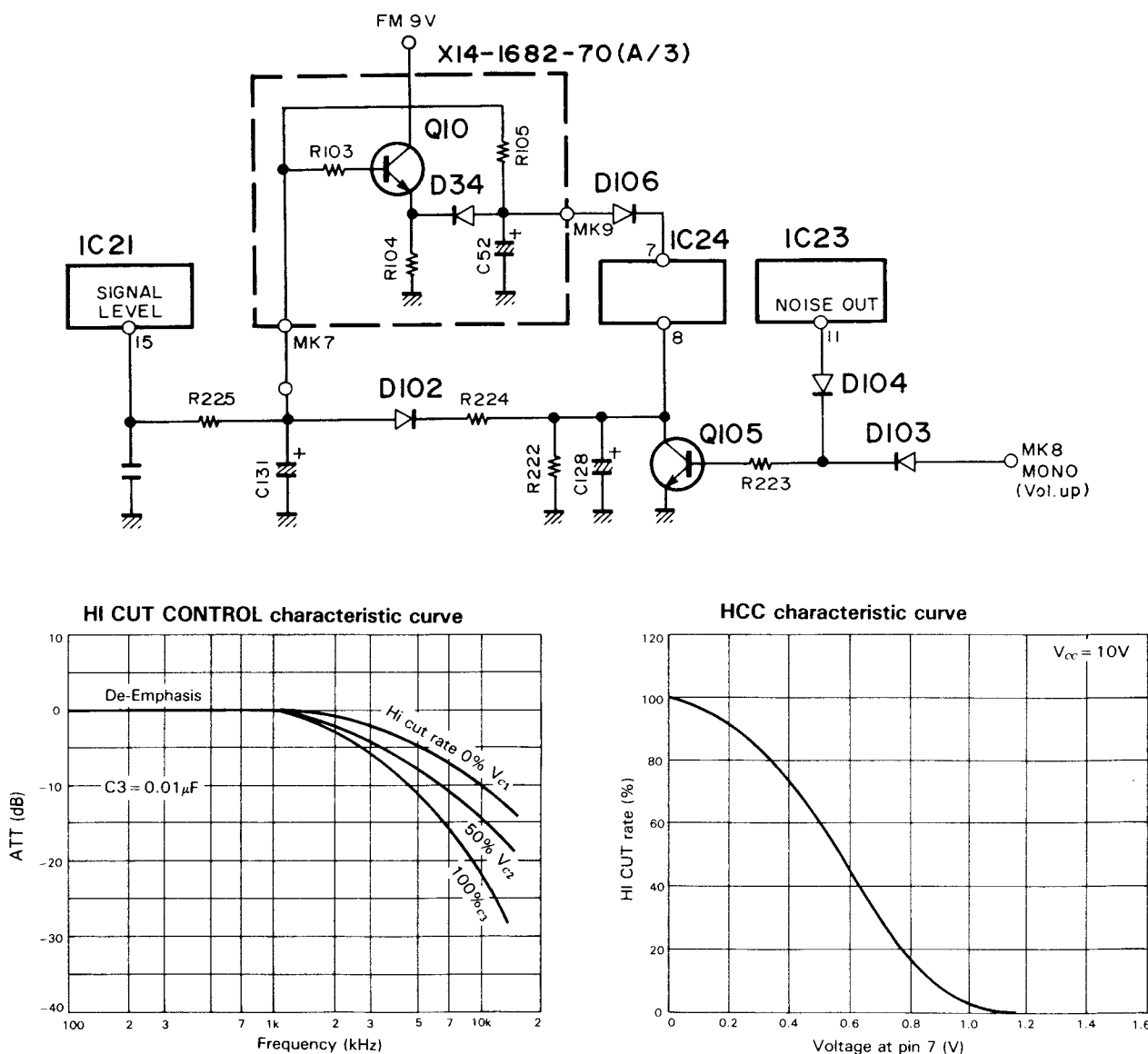
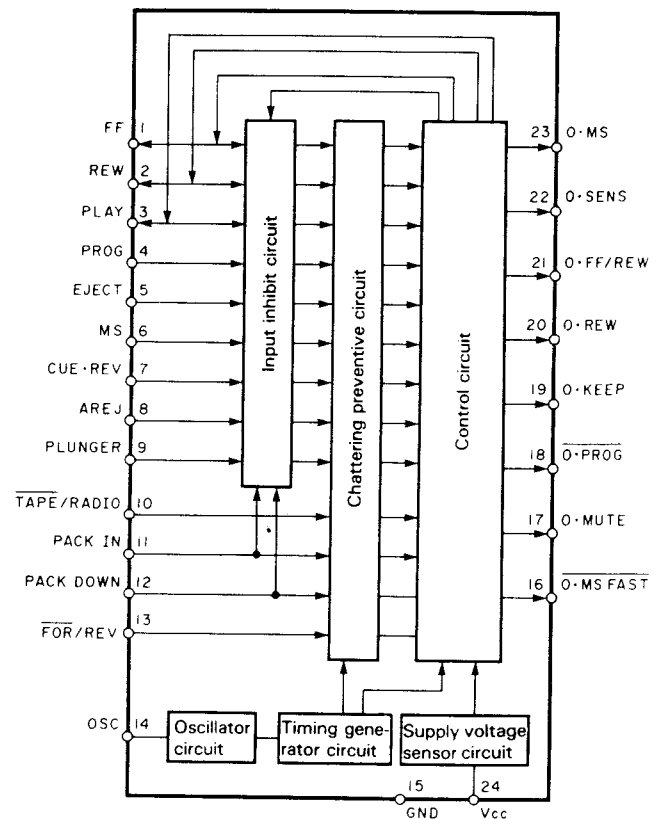
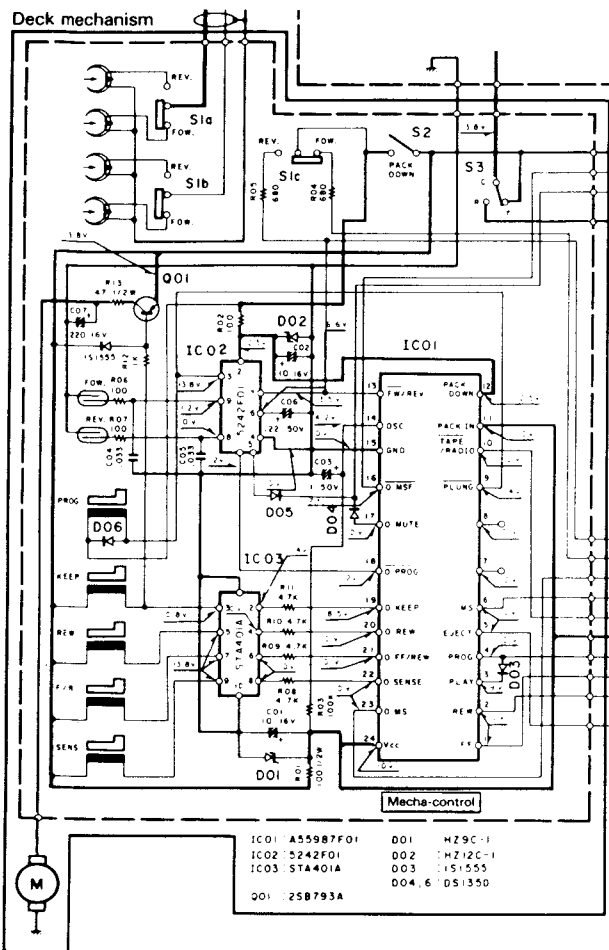


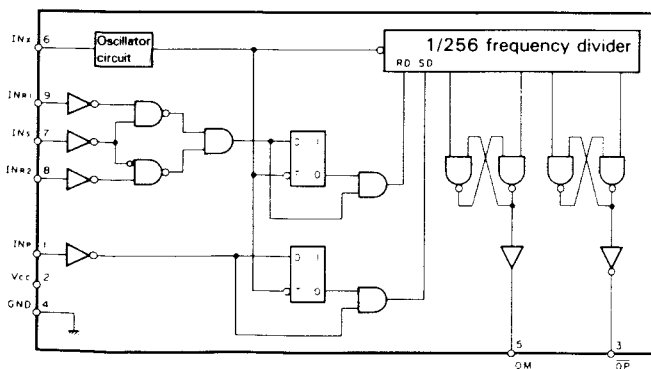
Fig. 30 ANRC Circuit

## MECHANISM CONTROL DESCRIPTION

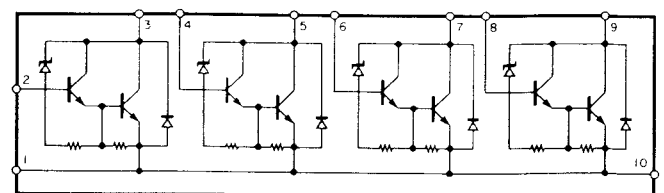
### MECHA-CONTROL CIRCUIT



IC01 Mechanism control



IC02 Auto-reverse



















IC03 Solenoid driver



## MECHANISM CONTROL DESCRIPTION

IC01 allows the use of soft-touch type keys as the operational input keys, and in addition, it can control operations such as forced reversal of the play direction (PROG), tape cueing (tape advance and repeat), and switching of the radio and the tape (cassette standby). The output is sequence-controlled by the oscillation period decided in the stored oscillator circuit.


### (1) Output States for Basic Operation Modes

Operation mode	Input				Output									
	T R	PACK IN	PACK DOWN	F R	FF	REW	PLAY	0-SENS	0-FF REW	0-REW	0-KEEP	0-PROG	0-MUTE	
RADIO (C-STBY)	H	L	L	—	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	
LOADING	L	H	L	—	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	
EJECT	L			—	L	L	L		L	L	L	H	H	
PLAY	L	H	H	—	L	L	H		L	L	H	H		
PROG	L	H	H	—	L	L	H	L	L	L	H		L	
Forward FF	L	H	H	L	H	L	L			L	H	H	H	
Forward REW	L	H	H	L	L	H	L				H	H	H	
Reverse FF	L	H	H	H	H	L	L				H	H	H	
Reverse REW	L	H	H	H	L	H	L			L	H	H	H	

Note 1) In EJECT operation, the PACK DOWN input changes "H→L" due to the 0-KEEP output, and, later, the PACKIN input changes "H→L" due to the 0-SENS output.

- 2) After EJECT operation is initiated, and delayed by  $T_{D-E}$  a one shot multivibrator output is supplied.
- 3) A one shot multivibrator output is supplied simultaneously with the mode change.
- 4) It changes "H→L" at the termination of the one shot multivibrator output referred to in note 3).

### (2) PROG Operation

If the PROG input is made "H" in PLAY mode, a one shot pulse  is input at the 0-PROG output, reversing the tape running direction.

In FF or REW mode, the PROG input is inhibited. Further, the PROG input is not input while it is held "H", because the rising edge of "L"→"H" is received as an input. In the KRC-929, the PLAY input/output and the PROG input are connected through a diode and used as a PLAY/PROG input. In FF or REW mode, if the PLAY/PROG input is made "H", it is input as a PLAY input (0-PROG output remains "H"). In PLAY mode, if the PLAY/PROG input is made "H", it is input as a PROG input.

### (3) MS Operation (Tape Advance)

If the tape advance SW is depressed, the MS input is input. At each depression, the MS mode reverses. During MS-PLAY mode, the 0-MS output is "H" and light the tape advance LED. 0-MS-F output is "H".

In MS-FAST mode (MS-FF or MS-REW), the 0-MS output blinks and 0-MS-F output becomes "L". Due to this "L" the tape advance IC operates.

### (4) Plunger Input

It is necessary to add the drive signal for the PROG solenoid to PLUNGER input. This is for returning the internal state of the IC to PLAY mode when the tape end is reached during FF or REW.

### (5) Input Inhibit

- In TUNER mode, PACK DOWN = "L"  
FF, REW and PLAY/PROG are ineffective.
- During cassette loading  
FF, REW, PLAY/PROG and EJECT are ineffective.
- Multiple depression  
When there are simultaneous inputs of FF, REW, PLAY AND EJECT.

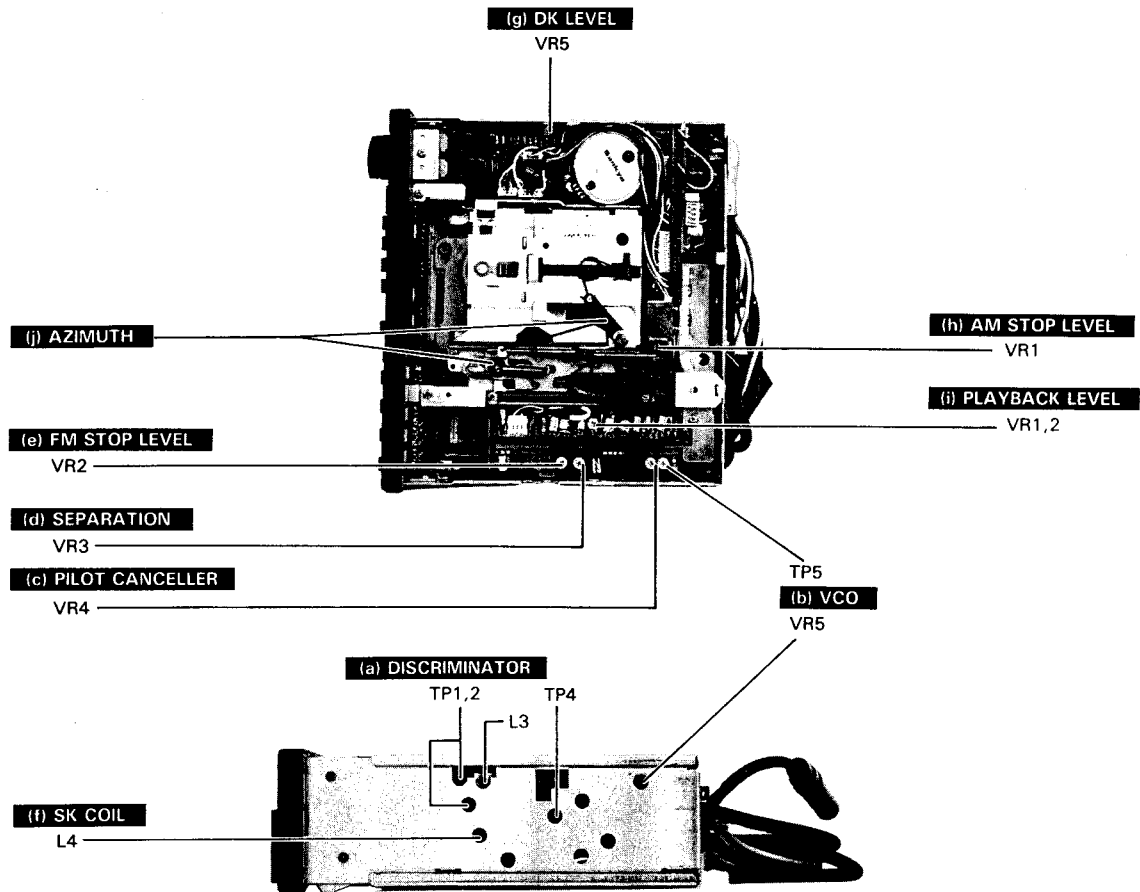
### (6) Operation at Turning the Power on

When the power ( $V_{CC}$ ) enters from 0 V, reset of all internal circuits is carried out. The reset signal is generated while  $V_{CC}$  is 1.0 - 1.5 V.

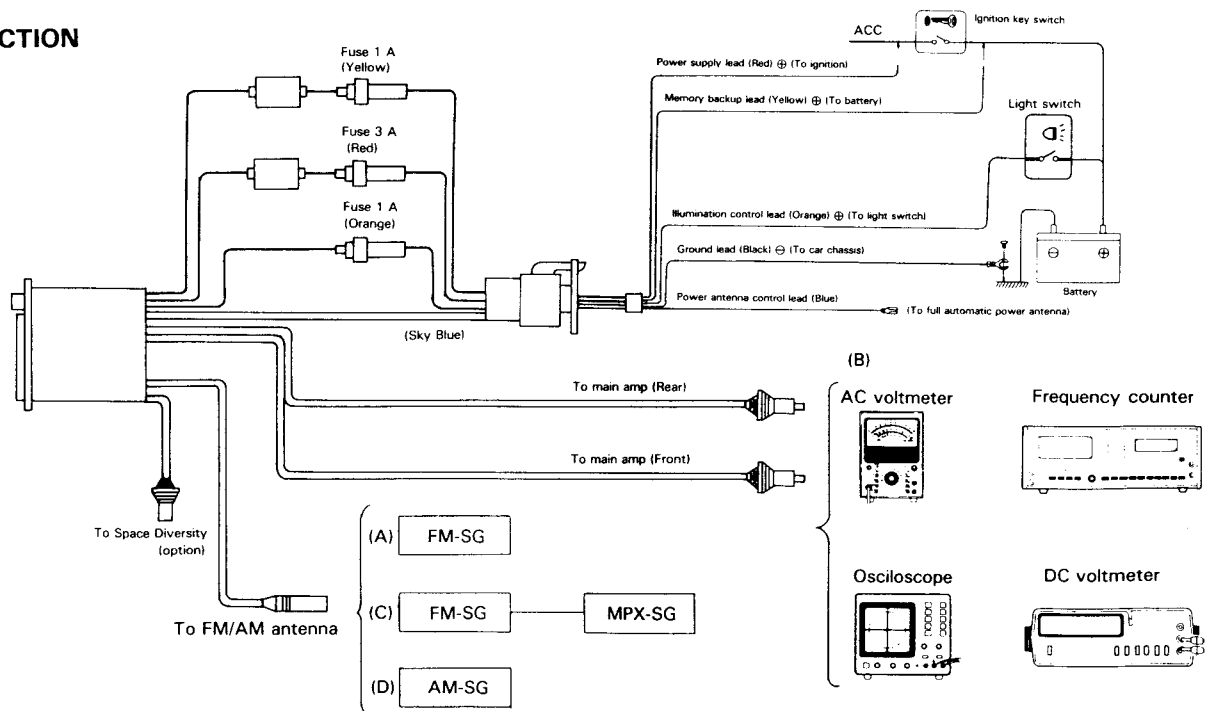
Input is inhibited after  $V_{CC}$  exceeds 3.2V for a period of 2 tosc, and the 0-MUTE output is "H" for 4 tosc.

Q01 turns ON when the KEEP solenoid operates and supplies the power to the motor. The KEEP solenoid turns OFF during key-OFF (during PLAY, FF and REW), EJECT and C-STBY, and Q01 also turns OFF and the motor stops. Q01 is protected from the kickback of the KEEP solenoid by inserting a diode between the base and the emitter.

# ADJUSTMENT/REGLAGES/ABGLEICH



## CONNECTION



## ADJUSTMENT

No.	ITEM	INPUT SETTINGS	OUTPUT SETTINGS	RECEIVER SETTINGS	ALIGNMENT POINTS	ALIGN FOR	FIG.
FM SECTION							
1	DISCRIMINATOR	(A) 98.1MHz 0dev 60dB(ANT input)	Connect a DC voltmeter between terminals TP1 and TP2.	FM 98.1MHz	L3	0V±20mV	(a)
2	MPX VCO	(A) 98.1MHz 0dev 60dB(ANT input)	Connect a frequency counter to TP5.	FM 98.1MHz	VR5	76.00kHz±100Hz	(b)
3	PILOT CANCELLER	(C) 98.1MHz 0dev Selector:L or R Pilot:±6kHz dev 60dB(ANT input)	(B)	FM 98.1MHz	VR4	Minimum output	(c)
4	SEPARATION	(C) 98.1MHz 1kHz,±40kHz dev Selector:L or R Pilot:±6kHz dev 60dB(ANT input)	(B)	FM 98.1MHz	VR3	Minimum crosstalk.	(d)
5	STOP LEVEL	(A) 98.1MHz 1kHz,±40kHz dev 20dB(ANT input)	(B)	FM SEEK	VR2	98.1MHz SEEK STOP	(e)
SDK SECTION BK: ON							
①	SK COIL	(E) 98.1MHz 57kHz,5.33% mod DK,30% mod 60dB(ANT input)	Connect an AC voltmeter to TP4. (MK8)	FM 98.1MHz	L4	Maximum output	(f)
②	DK LEVEL	(E) 98.1MHz 1kHz,±40kHz dev 57kHz,5.33% mod DK,30% mod 60dB(ANT input)	(B)	FM 98.1MHz VOLUME:0	VR5 (X13)	6mV	(g)
AM SECTION							
(1)	STOP LEVEL	(D) 999kHz 400Hz,30% mod 35dB(ANT input)	(B)	AM SEEK	VR1 (X14)	999kHz SEEK STOP	(h)
CASSETTE DECK SECTION							
[1]	PLAYBACK LEVEL	PLAY test tape MTT-150	Connect an AC voltmeter to TP8(L) and TP7(R). (MK11)	TAPE PLAY	VR1 (L) VR2 (R)	580mV	(i)
[2]	AZIMUTH	PLAY test tape MTT-216 (10kHz)	(B)	TAPE PLAY	Head Azimuth Screw	Maximum output	(j)



REGLAGES

N°	ITEM	REGLAGE DE L'ENTREE	REGLAGE DE LA SORTIE	REGLAGE DU RECEIVER	POINTS DE L'ALIGNEMENT	ALIGNER POUR	FIG.
SECTION MF							
1	DISCRIMINATEUR	(A) 98,1MHz 0dév 60dB(Entrée ANT)	Connecter un voltmètre CC entre les TP1 et TP2.	FM 98,1MHz	L3	0V±20mV	(a)
2	OSCILLATEUR CONTROLE PAR LA TENSION	(A) 98,1MHz 0dév 60dB(Entrée ANT)	Connecter un compteur de fréquence à TP5.	FM 98,1MHz	VR5	76,00kHz±100Hz	(b)
3	SUPPRESSION DE SIGNAL PILOTE	(C) 98,1MHz 0dév Selecteur: C ou D Pilote: ±6kHz dév 60dB(Entrée ANT)	(B)	FM 98,1MHz	VR4	Sortie minimale	(c)
4	SEPARATION	(C) 98,1MHz 1kHz.±40kHz dév Selecteur: C ou D Pilote: ±6kHz dév 60dB(Entrée ANT)	(B)	FM 98,1MHz	VR3	Diaphonie minimale	(d)
5	NIVEAU D'ARRET	(A) 98,1MHz 1kHz.±40kHz dév 20dB(Entrée ANT)	(B)	FM SEEK Touche de commande recherche.	VR2	98,1MHz ARRET	(e)
SECTION SDK BK: ON							
①	SK COIL	(E) 98,1MHz 57kHz.5,33% mod DK.30% mod 60dB(Entrée ANT)	Connecter un voltmètre CA à la TP4. (MK8)	FM 98,1MHz	L4	Sortie maximale	(f)
②	NIVEAU DE DK	(E) 98,1MHz 1kHz.±40kHz dév 57kHz.5,33% mod DK.30% mod 60dB(Entrée ANT)	(B)	FM 98,1MHz VOLUME:0	VR5 (X13)	6mV	(g)
SECTION MA							
(1)	NIVEAU D'ARRET	(A) 999kHz 400Hz. 30% mod 35dB(Entrée ANT)	(B)	MW SEEK Touche de commande recherche.	VR2 (X14)	999kHz ARRET	(h)
SECTION DU MAGNETPHONE							
[1]	NIVEAU DE LECTURE	Passer une bande d'essai MTT-150	Connecter un voltmètre CA les TP8(C) et TP7(D). (MK11)	Lecture de bande	VR1 (G) VR2 (D)	580mV	(i)
[2]	AZIMUTH	Passer une bande d'essai MTT-216 (10kHz)	(B)	Lecture de bande	Vis d'azimut	Sortie maximale	(j)

ABGLEICH

NR.	GEGENSTAND	EINGANGS-EINSTELLUNG	AUSGANGS-EINSTELLUNG	RECEIVER-EINSTELLUNG	ABGLEICH PUNKTE	ABGLEICHEN FÜR	ABB.
UKW-ABTEILUNG							
1	DISKRIMINATOR	(A) 98,1MHz 0 Hub 60dB(ANT-Eingang)	Einen Gleichspannungsmesser zwischen Klemmen TP1 und TP2 anschließen.	FM 98,1MHz	L3	0V±20mV	(a)
2	SPANNUNGS-GEREGELTER OSZILLATOR	(A) 98,1MHz 0 Hub 60dB(ANT-Eingang)	Einen Frequenzmesser zu TP5 anschließen.	FM 98,1MHz	VR5	76,00kHz±100Hz	(b)
3	PILOT-LÖSCHER	(C) 98,1MHz 0 Hub Pilote: ±6kHz Hub 60dB(ANT-Eingang)	(B)	FM 98,1MHz	VR4	Minimal Ausgang	(c)
4	STEREO KANAL TRENNUNG	(C) 98,1MHz 1kHz.±40kHz Hub Wähler: L oder R Pilote: ±6kHz Hub 60dB(ANT-Eingang)	(B)	FM 98,1MHz	VR3	Minimales Übersprechen	(d)
5	SPERRSCHWELLE	(A) 98,1MHz 1kHz.±40kHz Hub 20dB(ANT-Eingang)	—	FM SEEK	VR2	98,1MHz STOP	(e)
SDK-ABTEILUNG BK: ON							
①	SK COIL	(E) 98,1MHz 57kHz.5,33% mod DK.30% mod 60dB(ANT-Eingang)	Einen Wechselspannungsmesser zu TP4. (MK8)	FM 98,1MHz	L4	Maximaler Ausgang	(f)
②	DK PEGEL	(E) 98,1MHz 1kHz.±40kHz Hub 57kHz.5,33% mod DK.30% mod 60dB(ANT-Eingang)	(B)	FM 98,1MHz VOLUME:0	VR5 (X13)	6mV	(g)
MW-ABTEILUNG							
(1)	SPERRSCHWELLE	(D) 98,1MHz 400Hz.30% mod 35dB(ANT-Eingang)	(B)	MW SEEK	VR1 (X14)	999kHz STOP	(h)
CASSETTEN-DECK-ABTEILUNG							
[1]	WIEDERGABE PEGEL	Ein MTT-150 Testband abspielen	Einen Wechselspannungsmesser zu TP8(L) und TP7(R) anschließen. (MK11)	Bandwiedergabe	VR1 (L) VR2 (R)	580mV	(i)
[2]	AZIMUTH	Ein MTT-216 (10kHz) Testband abspielen	(B)	Bandwiedergabe	Kopfazimutschraube	Maximaler Ausgang	(j)

# KRC-929D KRC-929D

## PC BOARD

SYNTHESIZER UNIT (X14-1682-70) (A/3) Component side view

(X14-1682-70) (C/4)  
Component side view

Pin	V	Pin	V	Pin	V	Pin	V
1	4.5	7	4.8	13	0	20	1.0
2	4.5	8	4.5	14	3.6	21	4.9
3	0	9	4.6	15	4.9	22	4.9
4	4.4	10	0	16	4.3	25	4.9
5	4.5	11	1.0	18	4.5		
6	4.6	12		19	4.6		

SUB-CIRCUIT UNIT  
(X13-4682-70) (A/3)  
Component side view

(X14-1682-70) (B/3)  
Component side view

Pin	V
1	2.6
2	2.6
3	1.9
4	0
5	5.0
6	5.0
7	5.0
13	5.0

Pin	V
1	0
2	9.6
3	2.0
4	9.5
7	BK Band SK 9.3
8	9.5
9	7.5
10	7.9
11	1.6
12	9.6
13	2.9
14	9.6

Pin	V
1	4.3
2	3.1
3	0
4	4.9
5	0
6	4.7
7	3.5
8	9.6
9	0
10	4.6
11	0
12	4.3

Pin	V
1	9.6
2	3.2
3	3.4
4	2.7
5	4.4
9	0

Pin	V
10	14.2
11	2.7
12	0.5
13	2.7
14	2.5
15	2.5
16	2.5

Pin	V
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0
11	0
12	0
13	0
14	0
15	0
16	0

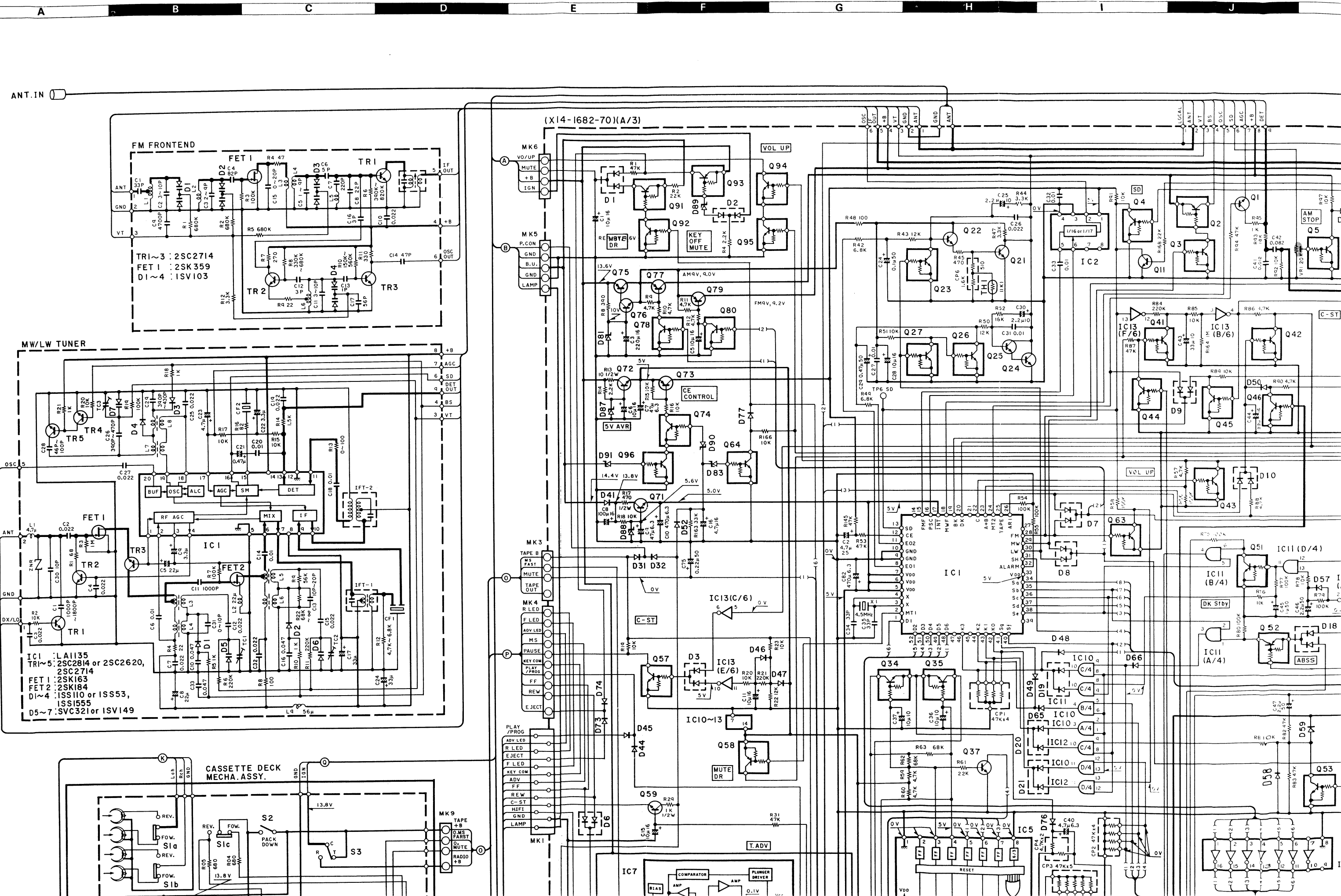
Pin	V
1	12.2
2	14.4
3	4.5
4	4.5
5	4.5
6	4.5
7	4.5
8	4.5
9	4.5
10	4.5
11	4.5
12	4.5
13	4.5
14	4.5
15	4.5
16	4.5

Pin	V
1	12.5
2	12.5
3	12.5
4	12.5
5	12.5
6	12.5
7	12.5
8	12.5
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10	12.5
11	12.5
12	12.5
13	12.5
14	12.5
15	12.5
16	12.5

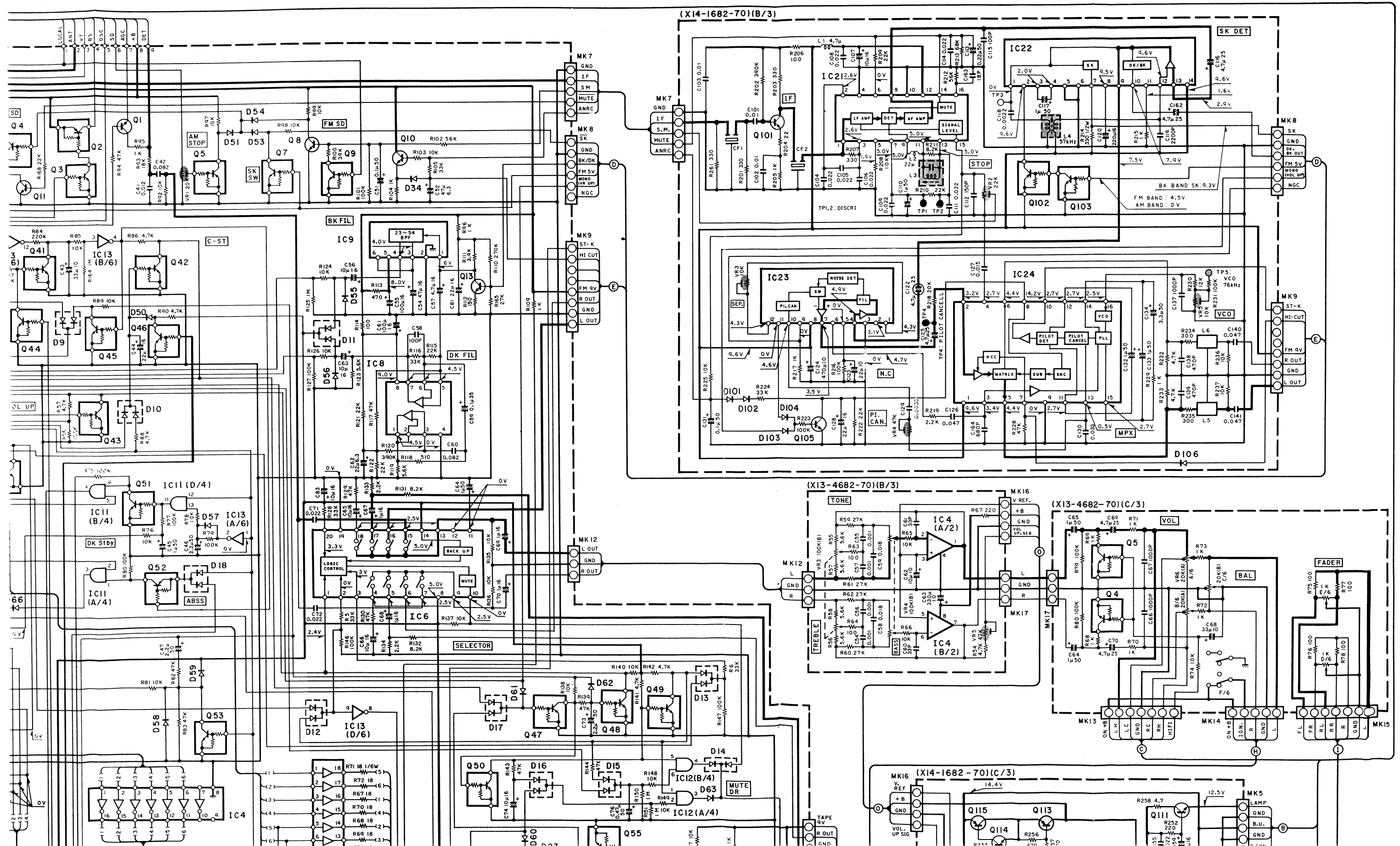
Pin	V
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0
11	0
12	0
13	0
14	0
15	0
16	0

Pin	V
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0
11	0
12	0
13	0
14	0
15	0
16	0

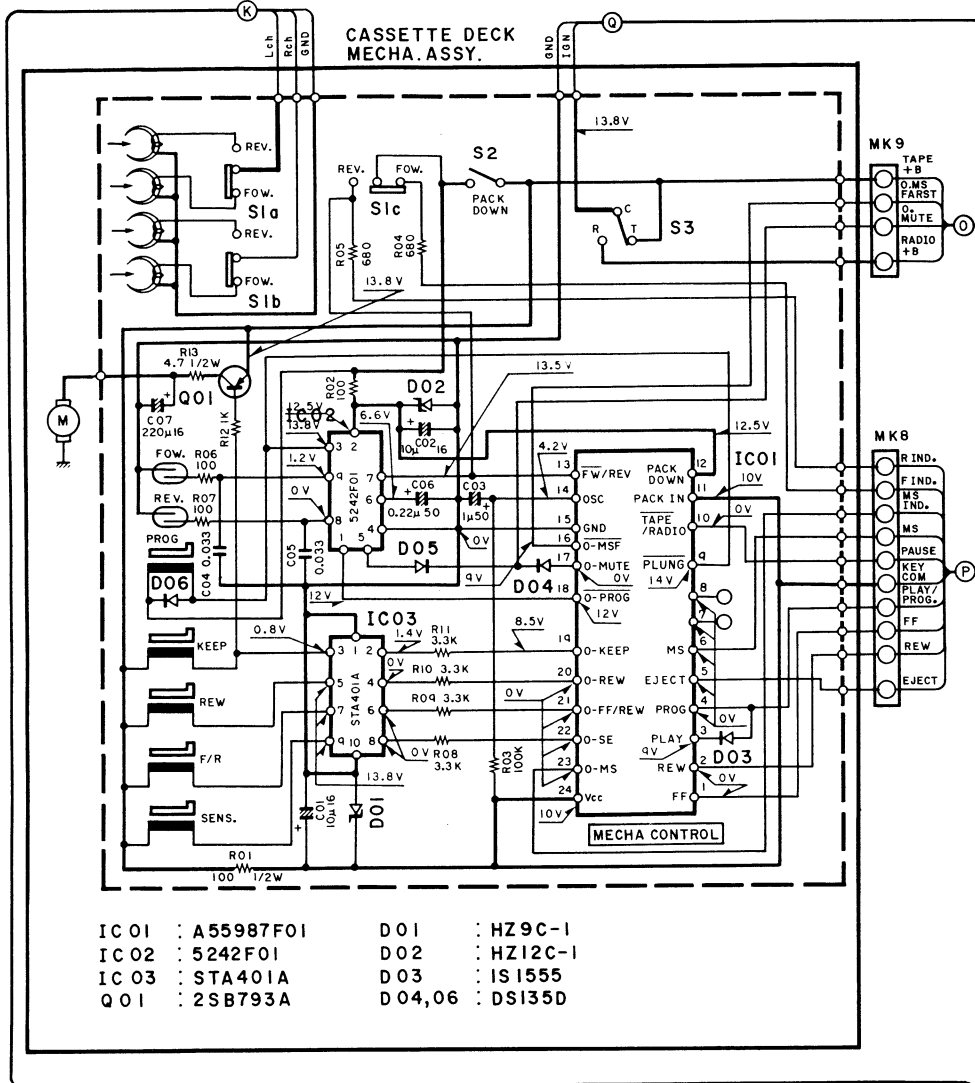
Refer to the schematic diagram for the values of resistors and capacitors.  
The PC board drawing is viewing from the side easy to check.











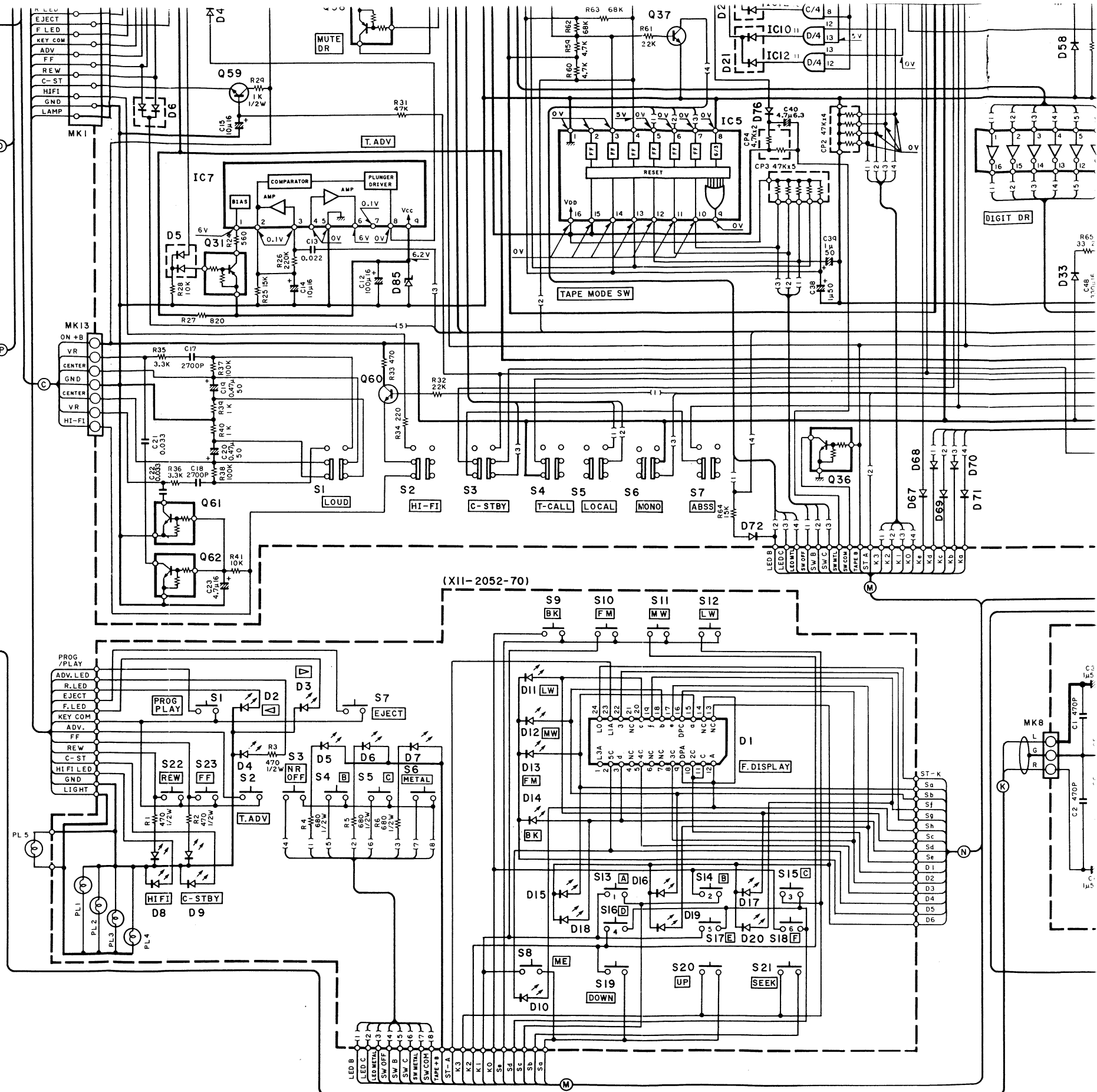
(X14-1682-70)(A/3)

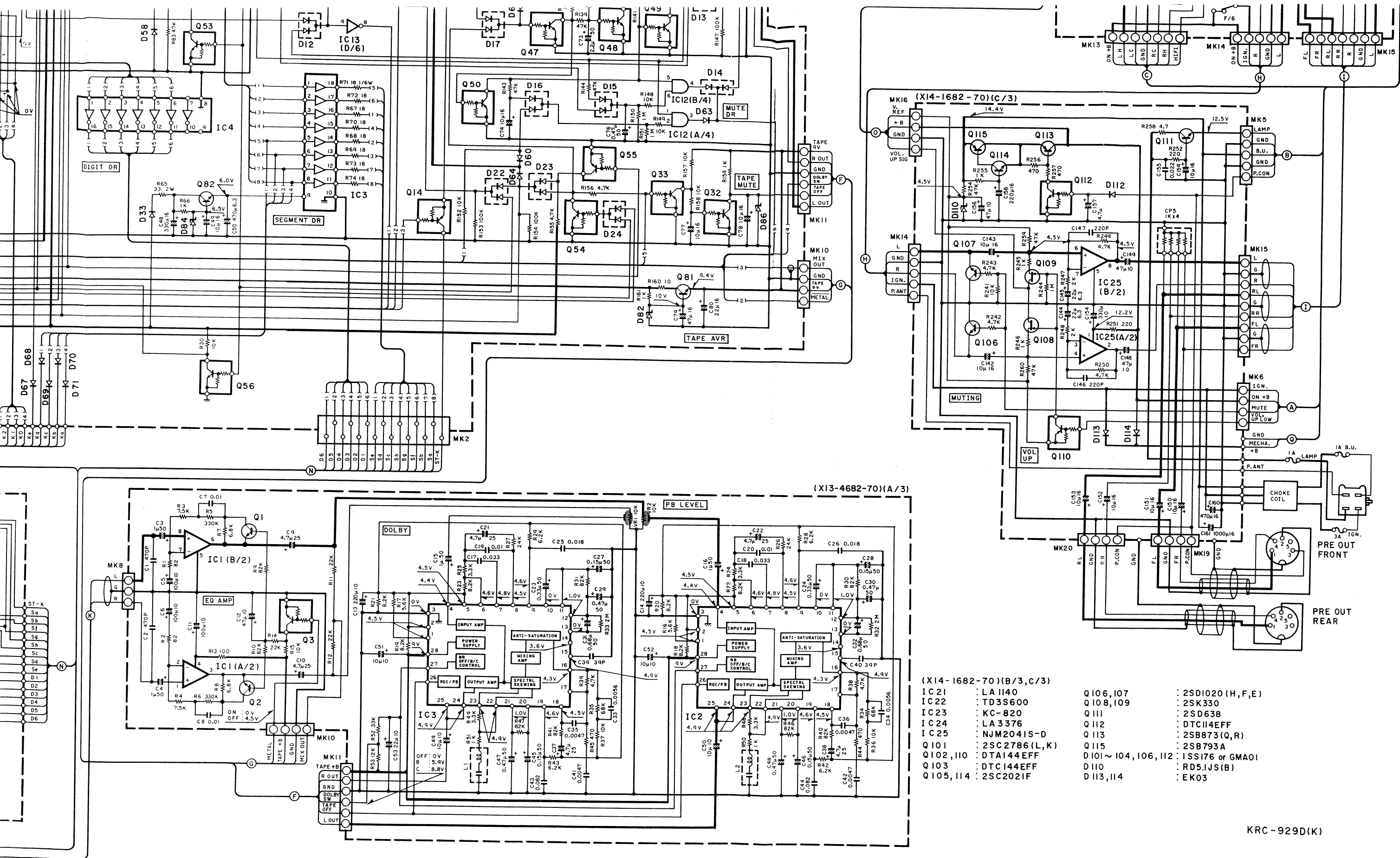
IC1	μPD1710G-012	Q71,72,81	2SD638
IC2	μPB553AC	Q73,77	2SB643
IC3	M54563P	Q75,79	2SB793A
IC4	μPA81C	Q82	2SD973
IC5	TC9135P	Q93	DTA143EFF
IC6	TK10320-1	D1~3,5~25	DAN201
IC7	TA7341P	D31,32	EK03
IC8	AN6556	D33	DSM1A1
IC9	AF027	D34	IN60
IC10,11	μPD4081BC	D41~65,67~77	ISS176
IC12	μPD4081BG	D66	IS1555
IC13	μPD4069UBG	D81,82	MTZ10J
Q1,8,10,13,21,22,24,25		D83,91	RD6.2JS(B)
Q2,31,52,58,91	2SC2021F	D84~86	MTZ6.2J
Q3~5,7,9,23,26,27,33~36	DTA144EFF	D87,89	MTZ5.6J
41~51,53~57,61~64,74		D88	RD5.6JS(B)
78,80,92,94~96	DTC144EFF	D90	RD5.1JS(B)
Q14,32	DTC124EFF		

(X11-2052-70)

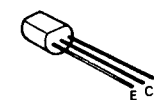
D1	B38-0049-05	IC1	μPC1228HA
D2,3,11,13	LN351GCPP(G)	IC2,3	HA12058MP
D4,7	SLH-34YC3	IC4	AN6556
D5,6	SLH-34MC3	Q1,2	2SC2021F
D8,9,12,14	LN451YCPP	Q3	DTC144EFF
D10,15~20	LN251RCPP	Q4,5	DTC114EFF

(X13-4682-70)





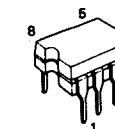
2SA1020  
2SB873



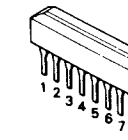
2SC262D  
2SC2714  
2SC2814



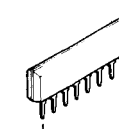
μPB553AC



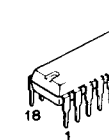
NJM2041S-D  
TA7341P



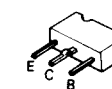
μPC1228HA



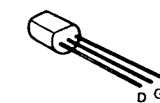
M54563P



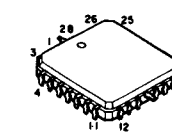
DTA143FF 2SB643  
DTA144FF 2SB793A  
DTC114FF 2SB793A  
DTC124FF 2SC2021F  
DTC144FF 2SD638  
2SD973



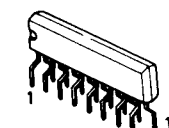
2SK163



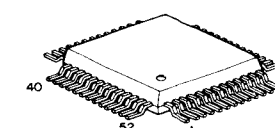
HA12058MP



LA1140  
LA3376

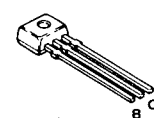


μPD1710G-012

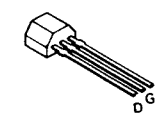


TC  
μF

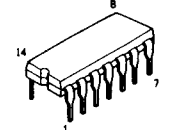
2SC2786  
2SD1020



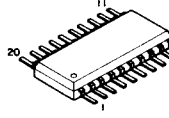
2SK330



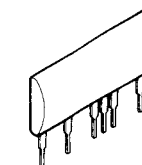
μPD4069UBG  
μPD4081BC



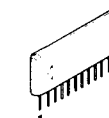
TK10320



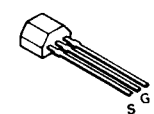
AF027



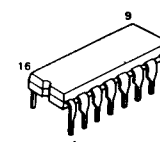
KC-820



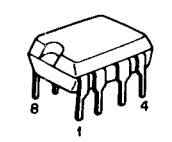
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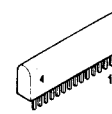
TC9135P  
μPA81C



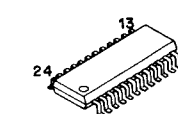
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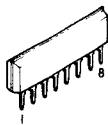
TD3S600



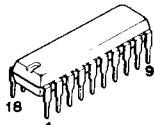
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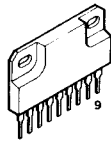
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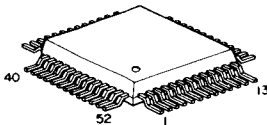
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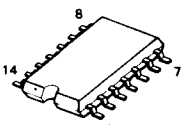
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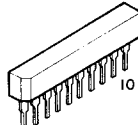
μPD1710G-012



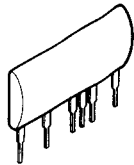
TC4081BF  
μPD4081BG



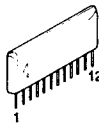
STA401A



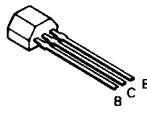
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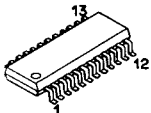
KC-820



2SC2669



.55987F01




DC voltages are as measured with a high impedance voltmeter. Values may vary slightly due to variations between individual instruments or/and units.

Les tensions c.c. doivent être mesurées avec un volt-mètre à haute impédance. Les valeurs peuvent différer légèrement du fait des variations inhérentes aux appareils et aux instruments de mesure individuels.

Die angegebenen Gleichspannungswerte wurden mit einem hochohmigen Spannungsmesser gemessen. Dabei schwanken die Meßwerte aufgrund von Unterschieden zwischen einzelnen Instrumenten oder Geräten u.U. geringfügig.

DOLBY and the double-D symbol are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories Corporation.  
dbx is a registered trademark of dbx, Inc.

**CAUTION:** For continued safety, replace safety critical components only with manufacturer's recommended parts (refer to parts list).  Indicates safety critical components. To reduce the risk of electric shock, leakage-current or resistance measurements shall be carried out (exposed parts are acceptably insulated from the supply circuit) before the appliance is returned to the customer.

SPECIFICATIONS

Specification subject to change without notice. (\*...EIA Standard)

FM Tuner Section

- Frequency range ..... 87.5 ~ 108.0 MHz
- Usable sensitivity (DIN) ..... 1.0 μV/75 Ω
- Stereo sensitivity (S/N = 46 dB) ..... 2.6 μV/75 Ω
- Frequency response (± 4.5 dB) ..... 40 ~ 15,000 Hz
- Signal to noise ratio (IEC-A) ..... 70 dB
- Selectivity (DIN) ..... 65 dB
- Stereo separation (1 kHz) ..... 40 dB
- 19 kHz carrier leakage ..... -51 dB (40k Dev. 1 kHz)

AM Tuner Section

- MW frequency range ..... 531 ~ 1,602 kHz
- MW usable sensitivity ..... 30 μV
- LW frequency range ..... 153 ~ 281 kHz
- LW usable sensitivity ..... 50 μV

Cassette Deck Section

- Tape speed ..... 4.76 cm/s
- Wow & flutter (WRMS) ..... 0.08% (WRMS)
- Wow & flutter (DIN) ..... 0.12% (W-PEAK)
- Fast winding time (C-60) ..... 80 s (C-60)
- Frequency response (+ 4, - 6 dB) ..... 30 ~ 18,000 Hz
- Stereo separation (1 kHz) ..... 37 dB
- Signal to noise ratio (IEC-A)
  - Dolby NR ON (CCIR/ARM) ..... DOLBY-B 67 dB, DOLBY-C 75 dB
  - Dolby NR OFF (CCIR/ARM) ..... 58 dB

Audio Section

- Tone action bass (100 Hz) ..... ± 10 dB
- Tone action treble (10 kHz) ..... ± 10 dB
- Pre. output level/impedance ..... 300 mV/100Ω

General

- Operating voltage ..... 14.4 (11 ~ 16) V
- Current consumption ..... 0.75 A
- Dimensions (W × H × D) ..... 180 × 58 × 165 mm
- Body size (W × H × D) ..... 180 × 52 × 155 mm
- Weight ..... 1.9 kg (Lbs)

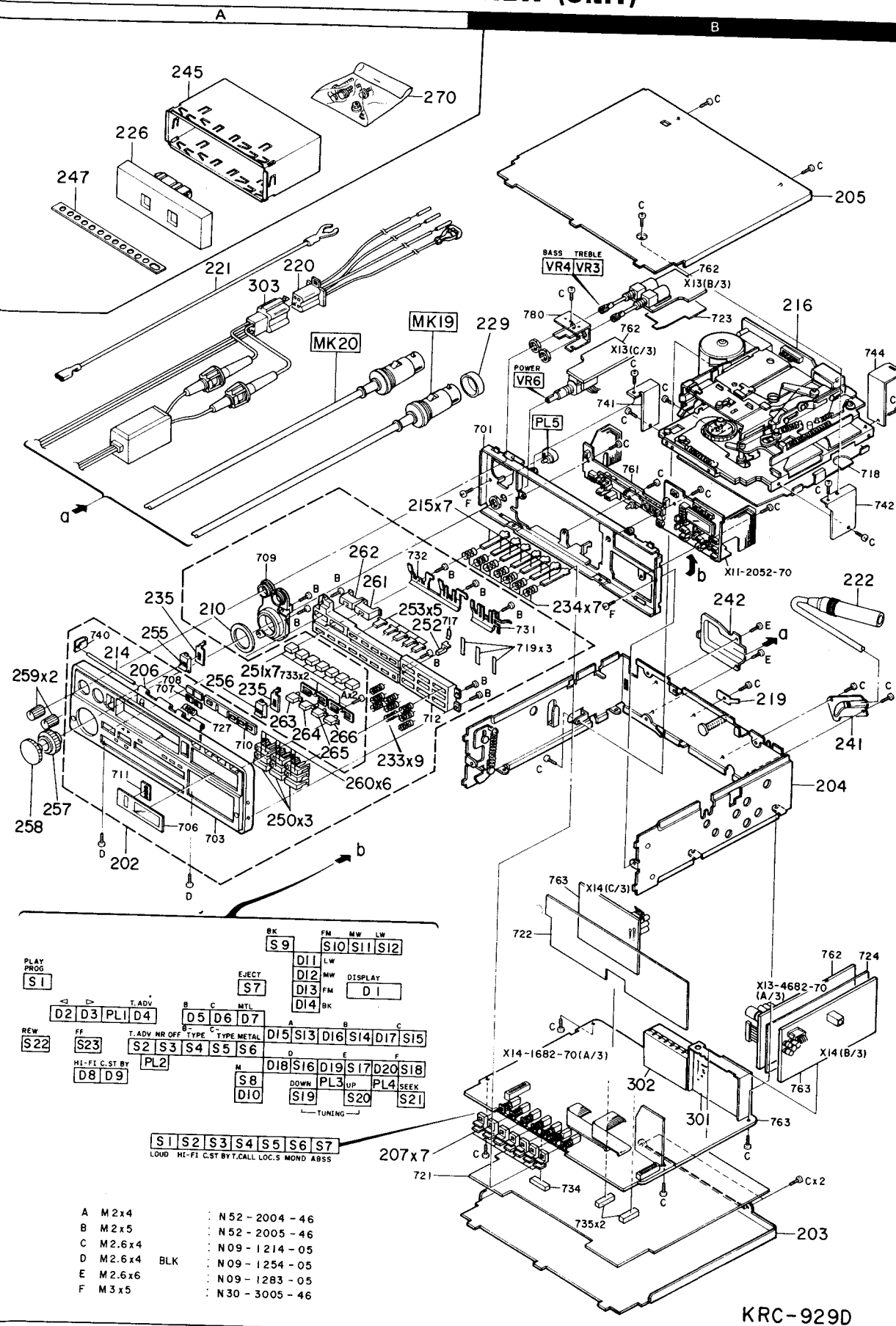


Kenwood follows a policy of continuous advancements in development. For this reason specifications may be changed without notice.

Kenwood poursuit une politique de progrès constants en ce qui concerne le développement. Pour cette raison, les spécifications sont sujettes à modifications sans préavis.

Kenwood strebt ständige Verbesserungen in der Entwicklung an. Daher bleiben Änderungen der technischen Daten jederzeit vorbehalten.

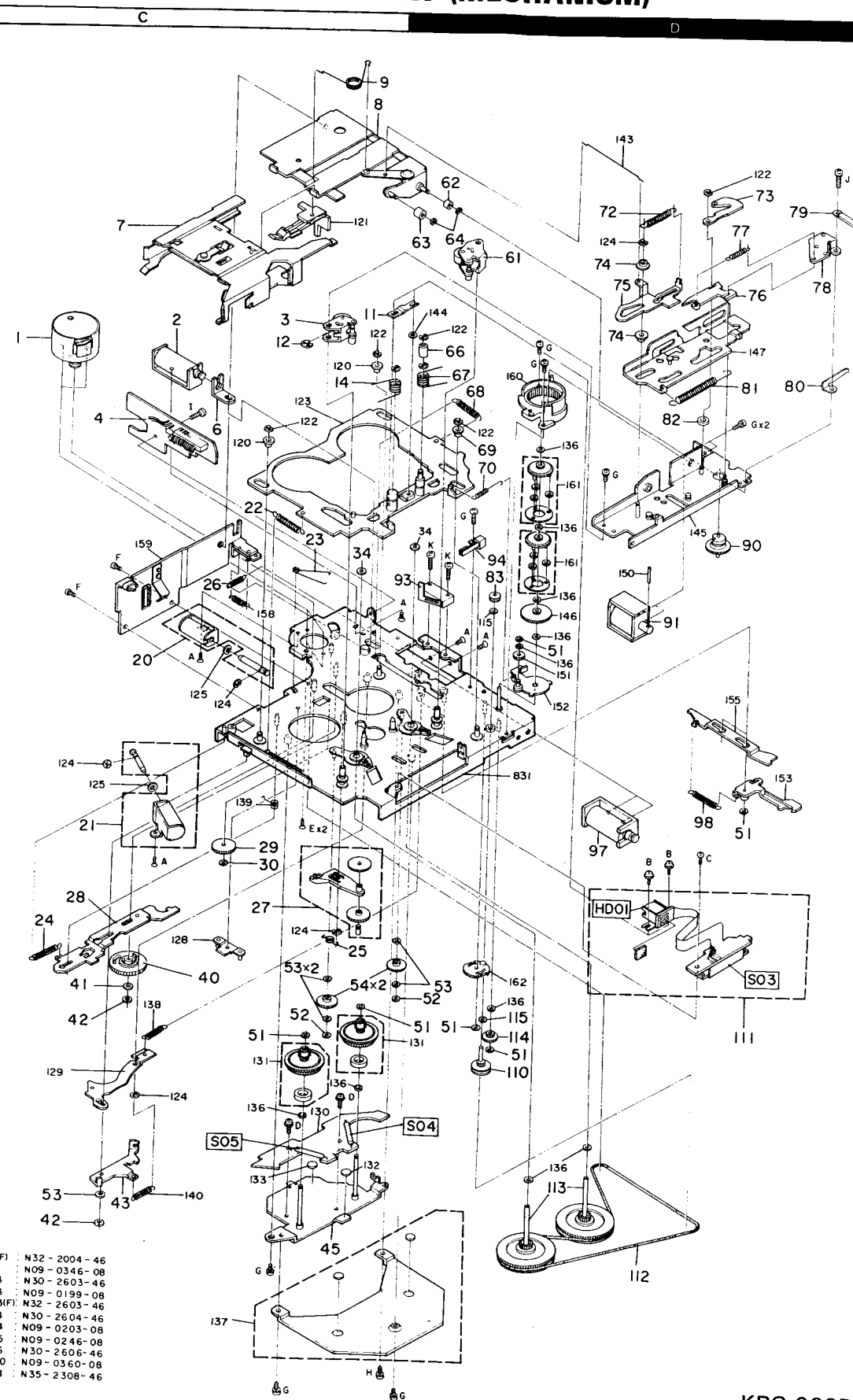
### EXPLODED VIEW (UNIT)



KRC-929D

Parts with the exploded numbers larger than 700 are not supplied.

### EXPLODED VIEW (MECHANISM)



KRC-929D

Parts with the exploded numbers larger than 700 are not supplied.

## PARTS LIST

\* New Parts

Parts without Parts No. are not supplied.  
Les articles non mentionnés dans le Parts No. ne sont pas fournis.  
Teile ohne Parts No. werden nicht geliefert.

Ref. No. 参照番号	Address 位置	New Parts 新	Parts No. 部品番号	Description 部品名 / 規格	Desti- nation 仕 向	Re- marks 備考
<b>KRC-929D</b>						
202			A20-4755-02	PANEL ASSY		
202	2A	*	A20-4036-02	PANEL ASSY		
203	3B	*	A40-0329-12	BOTTOM PLATE		
204	2B	*	A50-0118-12	SIDE PLATE ASSY		
205	1B	*	A52-0068-12	TOP COVER		
206	2A		A53-0611-03	CASSETTE LID ASSY		
207	3A		B09-0036-04	CAP (EXTENSION FOR SW1-7)		
210	2A	*	B20-0566-04	VOLUME SCALE(RING)		
-			B46-0100-00	WARRANTY CARD		
-		*	B50-5294-00	INSTRUCTION MANUAL(ENG,FR)		
-		*	B50-5295-00	INSTRUCTION MANUAL(GER,SP)		
-			B58-0245-23	CAUTION CARD		
-		*	B58-0313-04	CAUTION CARD		
214	2A		D21-0512-04	SHAFT (CASSETTE LID ASSY)		
215	2A	*	D22-0051-04	SHAFT COUPLING (S1-7)		
216	1B		D40-0280-05	CASSETTE MECHANISM ASSY		
219	2B	*	E21-0017-04	PUSH TERMINAL (REAR)		
220	1A		E30-0835-15	DC CORD		
221	1A		E30-0843-05	GROUND WIRE		
222	2B	*	E30-0867-15	CORD WITH PLUG (ANT)		
223	2B	*	E30-0868-15	CORD WITH DIN CONNECTOR(DIN)		
226	1A	*	F07-0445-11	COVER (SECURITY)		
229	1B		F29-0046-05	INSULATING COVER (MK19)		
233	2A		G01-1408-14	COMPRESSION SPRING(A-F,TUN,SEK)		
234	2B	*	G01-1409-04	COMPRESSION SPRING(S1-7)		
235	2A	*	G02-0125-14	FLAT SPRING (PROG,EJECT)		
-		*	H01-5208-04	ITEM CARTON CASE		
-		*	H03-0687-04	OUTER CARTON CASE		
-		*	H10-1705-03	POLYSTYRENE FOAMED FIXTURE		
-			H12-0125-04	CARTON BOARD		
-			H25-0085-04	PROTECTION BAG		
-			H25-0112-04	PROTECTION BAG(INSTRUCTION)		
-			H25-0188-04	PROTECTION BAG		
241	2B	*	J19-0819-04	LEAD HOLDER (ANT CORD)		
242	2B	*	J19-0840-04	LEAD HOLDER (DC CORD)		
245	1A	*	J21-3367-02	MOUNTING HARDWARE(INSTALLATION)		
247	1A		J54-0059-04	STAY (INSTALLATION)		
-			J61-0054-05	WIRE BAND		
250	2A		K27-1120-14	KN0B(BUTTON)DOWN,UP,SEEK		
251	2A	*	K27-1121-14	KN0B(BUTTON)MECHANISM SW		
252	2A		K27-1122-24	KN0B(BUTTON)MEMORY		
253	2A		K27-1123-14	KN0B(BUTTON)T. ADV,MTL,DOLBY		
255	2A	*	K27-1126-14	KN0B(BUTTON)PROG		
256	2A	*	K27-1276-04	KN0B(BUTTON)EJECT		
257	2A		K29-0439-04	KN0B FADER		
258	2A		K29-0440-03	KN0B VOLUME		
259	2A		K29-0441-14	KN0B BASS,TREBLE		
260	2A		K29-1481-04	KN0B ASSY A,B,C,D,E,F		
261	2A		K29-1482-04	KN0B ASSY FF		
262	2A		K29-1483-04	KN0B ASSY REW		
263	2A	*	K29-1831-04	KN0B BK		
264	2A	*	K29-1832-04	KN0B FM		

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265	2A	*	K29-1833-04	KN0B MW		
266	2A	*	K29-1834-04	KN0B LW		
270	1A	*	N99-0071-05	SCREW SET		
<b>CONTROL (X11-2052-70)</b>						
D1	3A		B38-0049-05	LED DISPLAY ASSY		
D2 ,3	3A		B30-0480-05	LED(LN351GCPP)GRN(REW,FF)		
D4	3A		B30-0799-05	LED(SLH-34YC3)YEL(T.ADV)		
D5 ,6	3A		B30-0800-05	LED(SLH-34MC3)GRN(DOLBY B,C)		
D7	3A		B30-0799-05	LED(SLH-34YC3)YEL(METAL)		
D8 ,9	3A		B30-0481-05	LED(LN451YCPP)AMB(HIFI,C.ST-BY)		
D10	3A		B30-0479-05	LED(LN251RCPP)RED(MEMORY)		
D11	3A		B30-0480-05	LED(LN351GCPP)GRN(LW)		
D12	3A		B30-0481-05	LED(LN451YCPP)AMB(MW)		
D13	3A		B30-0480-05	LED(LN351GCPP)GRN(FM)		
D14	3A		B30-0481-05	LED(LN451YCPP)AMB(BK)		
D15 -20	3A		B30-0479-05	LED(LN251RCPP)RED(A,B,C,D,E,F)		
PL1	3A		B30-0435-05	LAMP(O.04A,16V)		
PL2 -4	3A		B30-1006-05	LAMP(O.026A,18V)		
PL5	1B		B30-1001-05	LAMP(O.04A,16V)		
R4 -6			RD14DB2H681J	SMALL-RD 680 J 1/2W		
S1 -21	3A		S40-1079-05	PUSH SWITCH		
S22 ,23	3A		S40-1080-05	PUSH SWITCH(WITH LED)REW,FF		
<b>SUB-CIRCUIT (X13-4682-70)</b>						
C1 ,2			CK45B1H471K	CERAMIC 470PF K		
C3 ,4			CS15E1C010M	TANTAL 1UF 16WV		
C5 ,6			C90-1236-05	ELECTRO 2200UF 25WV		
C7 ,8			CQ92M1H103J	MYLAR 0.010UF J		
C9 ,10			C90-0482-05	ELECTRO 4.7UF 25WV		
C11			C90-1236-05	ELECTRO 2200UF 25WV		
C12			CE04W1A470M	ELECTRO 47UF 10WV		
C13 ,14			CE04W1A221M	ELECTRO 220UF 10WV		
C15 ,16			C90-0824-05	ELECTRO 1UF 50WV		
C17 ,18			CQ92M1H333J	MYLAR 0.033UF J		
C19 ,20			CQ92M1H103J	MYLAR 0.010UF J		
C21 ,22			C90-0482-05	ELECTRO 4.7UF 25WV		
C23 ,24			C90-0507-05	ELECTRO 0.33UF 50WV		
C25 ,26			CQ92M1H183J	MYLAR 0.018UF J		
C27 ,28			CE04CW1HR15M	ELECTRO 0.15UF 50WV		
C29 ,30			C90-0484-05	ELECTRO 0.47UF 50WV		
C31 ,32			C90-1245-05	ELECTRO 0.68UF 50WV		
C33 ,34			CQ92M1H562J	MYLAR 5600PF J		
C35 ,36			CQ92M1H472J	MYLAR 4700PF J		
C37 ,38			C90-0482-05	ELECTRO 4.7UF 25WV		
C39 ,40			CC45SL1H390J	CERAMIC 39PF J		
C41 ,42			CQ92M1H472J	MYLAR 4700PF J		
C43 ,44			CF92V1H823J	MF 0.082UF J		
C45 ,46			CE04CW1HR15M	ELECTRO 0.15UF 50WV		
C47 ,48			C90-0484-05	ELECTRO 0.47UF 50WV		
C49 -52			C90-0478-05	ELECTRO 10UF 16WV		
C53			C90-0497-05	ELECTRO 22UF 10WV		
C54 -57			CF92V1H102J	MF 1000PF J		
C58 ,59			CF92V1H183J	MF 0.018UF J		
C60 ,61			C91-0733-05	CERAMIC 33PF J		

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## KRC-929D KRC-929D

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C62 C63 C64 ,65 C66 ,67 C68			C90-0478-05 C90-0811-05 C90-0824-05 C91-0651-05 C90-0831-05	ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 330UF 16WV ELECTR0 1UF 50WV CERAMIC 0.001UF K ELECTR0 33UF 10WV		
C69 ,70			C90-0482-05	ELECTR0 4.7UF 25WV		
L1 ,2			L39-0105-05	TRAP COIL		
VR1 ,2 VR3 ,4 VR5 VR6	1B  1B		R12-3079-05 R10-5014-05 R12-3080-05 R24-3006-05	TRIMMING P0T.(10K) D0LBY LVL P0TENTI0METER(100KB)TREB,BASS TRIMMING P0T.(100K) DK V0L LVL P0TENTI0METER(V0L,BAL,FADER)		
IC1 IC2 ,3 IC4 Q1 ,2 Q3			UPC1228HA HA12058MP AN6556 2SC2021F DTC144FF	IC(0P AMP) IC(D0LBY B/C) IC(0P AMP) TRANSIST0R DIGITAL TRANSIST0R		
Q4 ,5			DTC114FF	DIGITAL TRANSIST0R		
SYNTHESIZER (X14-1682-70)						
C1 C2 C3 C5 ,6 C7			CE04CW1C100M CE04CW1C4R7M C90-0849-05 CE04CW1C100M CE04CW0J470M	ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 4.7UF 16WV ELECTR0 220UF 16WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 47UF 6.3WV		
C8 C9 C10 C11 C12			C90-1263-05 CE04CW0J470M C90-0866-05 CE04CW1C100M C90-1263-05	ELECTR0 100UF 16WV ELECTR0 47UF 6.3WV ELECTR0 470UF 6.3WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 100UF 16WV		
C13 C14 ,15 C16 C17 ,18 C19 ,20		*	C91-0683-05 CE04CW1C100M C90-0482-05 C91-0762-05 CE04CW1HR47M	CERAMIC 0.022UF K ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 4.7UF 25WV CERAMIC 0.0027UF M ELECTR0 0.47UF 50WV		
C21 ,22 C23 C24 C25 C26			CF92V1H333J CE04CW1C4R7M C90-1273-05 CS15E1E2R2M CF92V1H223J	MF 0.033UF J ELECTR0 4.7UF 16WV TANTAL 0.1UF 16WV TANTAL 2.2UF 25WV MF 0.022UF J		
C27 C28 C29 C30 C31			C91-0769-05 CE04CW1C100M C90-1271-05 CS15E1E2R2M CF92V1H103J	CERAMIC 0.01UF M ELECTR0 10UF 16WV TANTAL 0.47UF 16WV TANTAL 2.2UF 25WV MF 0.010UF J		
C32 ,33 C34 ,35 C36 ,37 C38 ,39 C40			C91-0769-05 C91-0733-05 CS15E1A100M CE04CW1H010M CS15E0J4R7M	CERAMIC 0.01UF M CERAMIC 33PF J TANTAL 10UF 10WV ELECTR0 1.0UF 50WV TANTAL 4.7UF 6.3WV		
C41 C42 C43 C44 C45			C91-0677-05 CF92V1H823J CE04CW1A330M CE04CW1C220M C90-0824-05	CERAMIC 0.012UF K MF 0.082UF J ELECTR0 33UF 10WV ELECTR0 22UF 16WV ELECTR0 1UF 50WV		

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C46 C47 C48 C49 C50			C90-1268-05 CE04CW1H2R2M C90-0811-05 CE04CW1C100M C90-0866-05	TANTAL 2.2UF 10WV ELECTR0 2.2UF 50WV ELECTR0 330UF 16WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 470UF 6.3WV		
C51 C52 C54 C55 C56			CE04CW1H0R1M CE04CW0J470M CE04CW1C470M C90-1263-05 CE04CW1C100M	ELECTR0 0.1UF 50WV ELECTR0 47UF 6.3WV ELECTR0 47UF 16WV ELECTR0 100UF 16WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV		
C57 C58 C59 C60 C61			CE04CW1C4R7M CC45SL1H101J CS15E1V0R1M CF92V1H823J C90-1263-05	ELECTR0 4.7UF 16WV CERAMIC 100PF J TANTAL 0.1UF 35WV MF 0.082UF J ELECTR0 100UF 16WV		
C62 C63 C64 C65 ,66 C67 -70			CE04CW0J220M CE04CW1C100M CE04CW1H010M CE04CW1C100M C90-1270-05	ELECTR0 22UF 6.3WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 1.0UF 50WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV TANTAL 1UF 16WV		
C71 ,72 C73 C74 C75 C76			C91-0683-05 CE04CW1H2R2M CE04CW1C100M C90-0506-05 C90-1271-05	CERAMIC 0.022UF K ELECTR0 2.2UF 50WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 0.22UF 50WV TANTAL 0.47UF 16WV		
C77 ,78 C79 C80 ,81 C82 C83			CE04CW1C100M CE04CW1C470M CE04CW1C220M C90-0866-05 CE04CW1C100M	ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 47UF 16WV ELECTR0 22UF 16WV ELECTR0 470UF 6.3WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV		
C101-103 C104-106 C107 C108,109 C110			C91-0675-05 C91-0683-05 C90-0478-05 C91-0683-05 C90-0824-05	CERAMIC 0.01UF K CERAMIC 0.022UF K ELECTR0 10UF 16WV CERAMIC 0.022UF K ELECTR0 1UF 50WV		
C111 C112 C113 C114 C115			C91-0683-05 CK45B1H151K C90-0506-05 C91-0683-05 CC45SL1H330J	CERAMIC 0.022UF K CERAMIC 150PF K ELECTR0 0.22UF 50WV CERAMIC 0.022UF K CERAMIC 33PF J		
C116 C117 C118 C119 C120			C90-0482-05 C90-0824-05 C91-0683-05 CK45B1H222K C90-0849-05	ELECTR0 4.7UF 25WV ELECTR0 1UF 50WV CERAMIC 0.022UF K CERAMIC 0.0022UF K ELECTR0 220UF 16WV		
C121 C122 C123 C124 C125			C91-0745-05 CE04BW1E4R7M C90-0497-05 C90-1259-05 C90-0482-05	CERAMIC 100PF K NP-ELEC 4.7UF 25WV ELECTR0 22UF 10WV ELECTR0 470UF 10WV ELECTR0 4.7UF 25WV		
C126 C127 C128 C129 C130			C91-0691-05 C91-0679-05 CE04W1C220M C91-0763-05 C91-0687-05	CERAMIC 0.047UF K CERAMIC 0.015UF K ELECTR0 22UF 16WV CERAMIC 0.0033UF M CERAMIC 0.033UF K		

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C131 C132,133 C134 C137 C138,139			C90-0477-05 C90-0824-05 C90-0502-05 CQ92P2A102J C91-0753-05	ELECTR0 0.1UF 50WV ELECTR0 1UF 50WV ELECTR0 3.3UF 35WV MYLAR 1000PF J CERAMIC 470PF K		
C140,141 C142,143 C144,145 C146,147 C148			CF92V1H473J C90-0478-05 C90-0494-05 C91-0749-05 CE04W1A470M	MF 0.047UF J ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 22UF 6.3WV CERAMIC 220PF K ELECTR0 47UF 10WV		
C149 C150-153 C154 C155 C156			C90-0480-05 C90-0478-05 C90-0811-05 C91-0683-05 CE04W1A470M	ELECTR0 47UF 10WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 330UF 16WV CERAMIC 0.022UF K ELECTR0 47UF 10WV		
C157 C158 C159 C160 C161			C90-0482-05 C90-0849-05 C90-0478-05 C90-0820-05 C90-1256-05	ELECTR0 4.7UF 25WV ELECTR0 220UF 16WV ELECTR0 10UF 16WV ELECTR0 470UF 16WV ELECTR0 1000UF 16WV		
C162 C163 C164			C90-0482-05 CC45SL1H180J CK45B1H681K	ELECTR0 4.7UF 25WV CERAMIC 18PF J CERAMIC 680PF K		
303 MK1 MK2 MK19 MK20	1A   1A 1A	* * *  	E30-0911-05 E10-1302-05 E10-1503-05 E30-0869-15 E30-0871-15	DC CORD FLAT CABLE CONNECTOR FLAT CABLE CONNECTOR CORD WITH DIN CONNECTOR(FRONT) CORD WITH DIN CONNECTOR(REAR)		
CF1 ,2 L1 L2 L3 L4			L72-0135-05 L40-4791-02 L40-2205-25 L30-0388-05 L39-0120-05	CERAMIC FILTER SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR(4.7UF,K) SMALL FIXED INDUCTOR(22UH,J) FM IFT PEAKING COIL (3.55MH)		
L5 ,6 X1			L79-0145-05 L77-0585-05	LC FILTER CRYSTAL RESONATOR (4.5MHZ)		
CP1 ,2 CP3 CP4 CP5 CP6		* * * *	R90-0417-05 R90-0418-05 R90-0419-05 R90-0413-05 R90-0430-05	MULTI-COMP 47KX4 MULTI-COMP 47KX5 MULTI-COMP 47KX3 MULTI-COMP 1KX5 MULTI-COMP 1.6K,510		
R7 R13 R17 R29 R65			RD14DB2H2R2J RD14DB2H100J RD14DB2H471J RD14DB2H102J RS14AB3D330J	SMALL-RD 2.2 J 1/2W SMALL-RD 10 J 1/2W SMALL-RD 470 J 1/2W SMALL-RD 1.0K J 1/2W FL-PROOF RS 33 J 2W		
R214 VR1 VR2 VR3 VR4			RD14DB2H331J R12-3301-05 R12-3078-05 R12-3079-05 R12-3080-05	SMALL-RD 330 J 1/2W TRIMMING PBT. (20K)AM STOP TRIMMING PBT. (22K)FM STOP TRIMMING PBT. (10K)SEPARATION TRIMMING PBT. (47K)PILST CANCEL		
VR5			R12-3079-05	TRIMMING PBT. (10K)VCO		
S1 -7	3A		S40-2145-05	PUSH SWITCH		

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D1 -3 D5 -24 D31 ,32 D33 D34			DAN201 DAN201 EKO3 DSM1A1 1N60	DIODE DIODE DIODE DIODE DIODE		
D41 D44 -65 D44 -65 D66 D67 -74			GMA01 GMA01 1SS176 1S1555 GMA01	DIODE DIODE DIODE DIODE DIODE		
D67 -74 D76 ,77 D76 ,77 D81 ,82 D81 ,82			1SS176 GMA01 1SS176 MTZ10J RD10JS(B)	DIODE DIODE DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE		
D83 D84 -86 D84 -86 D87 D87		* * * *	RD6.2JS(B) MTZ6.2J RD6.2JS(B) MTZ5.6J RD5.6JS(B)	ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE		
D88 D89 D89 D90 D91		* * * * *	RD5.6JS(B) MTZ5.6J RD5.6JS(B) RD5.1JS(B) RD6.2JS(B)	ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE ZENER DIODE		
D101-104 D101-104 D106 D106 D110			GMA01 1SS176 GMA01 1SS176 RD6.2JS(B)	DIODE DIODE DIODE DIODE ZENER DIODE		
D112 D112 D113,114 IC1 IC2			GMA01 1SS176 EKO3 UPD1710G-012 UPB553AC	DIODE DIODE DIODE IC(DIGITAL TUNING SYSTEM) IC(PRE SCALER)		
IC3 IC4 IC5 IC6 IC7			M54563P UPA81C TC9135P TK10320 TA7341P	IC(8 CH TRANSISTOR ARRAY) IC(7 CH TRANSISTOR ARRAY) IC(6 CH TOUCH SWITCH) IC(SELECTOR) IC(BLANK DET FOR TAPE ADVANCE)		
IC8 IC9 IC10,11 IC12 IC12		* *	AN6556 AF027 UPD4081BC TC4081BF UPD4081BG	IC(OP AMP) IC(BK FILTER) IC(AND GATE) IC(AND GATE) IC(AND GATE)		
IC13 IC21 IC22 IC23 IC24			UPD4069UBG LA1140 TD35600 KC-820 LA3376	IC(INVERTOR) IC(FM IF/DET) IC(SK DET) IC(NOISE CANCELLER) IC(FM MPX)		
IC25 Q1 Q2 Q3 -5 Q7			NJM20415-D 2SC2021F DTA144FF DTC144FF DTC144FF	IC(OP AMP) TRANSISTOR DIGITAL TRANSISTOR DIGITAL TRANSISTOR DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		

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Q8			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q9			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q10 ,11			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q13			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q14			DTC124FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q21 ,22			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q23			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q24 ,25			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q26 ,27			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q31			DTA144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q32			DTC124FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q33 -36			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q37			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q41 -51			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q52			DTA144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q53 -57			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q58			DTA144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q59 ,60			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q61 -64			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q71 ,72			2SD638	TRANSISTOR		
Q73			2SB643	TRANSISTOR		
Q74			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q75			2SB793A	TRANSISTOR		
Q76			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q77			2SB643	TRANSISTOR		
Q78			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q79			2SB793A	TRANSISTOR		
Q80			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q81			2SD638	TRANSISTOR		
Q82			2SD973	TRANSISTOR		
Q91			DTA144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q92			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q93		*	DTA143FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q94 -96			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q101			2SC2786(L,K)	TRANSISTOR		
Q102			DTA144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q103			DTC144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q105			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q106,107			2SD1020(H,F,E)	TRANSISTOR		
Q108,109			2SK330	FET		
Q110			DTA144FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q111			2SD638	TRANSISTOR		
Q112			DTC114FF	DIGITAL TRANSISTOR		
Q113			2SB873(Q,R)	TRANSISTOR		
Q114			2SC2021F	TRANSISTOR		
Q115			2SB793A	TRANSISTOR		
TH1			ERT-D2FFL102S	THERMISTOR		
301		*	W02-0593-05	TUNER ASSY		
302		*	W02-0594-05	FM FRONT-END ASSY		
<b>ELECTRICAL PARTS (MECHANISM)</b>						
C01 ,02			CE04W1C100M	ELECTRO 10UF 16WV		
C03			CE04W1H010M	ELECTRO 1UF 50WV		
C04 ,05			C092M1H332J	MYLAR 0.0033UF J		
C06			CE04W1HR22M	ELECTRO 0.22UF 50WV		

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C07			C90-0486-05	ELECTRON 220UF 16WV		
R01			RD14BB2H101J	RD 100 J 1/2W		
R13			RD14BB2H4R7J	RD 4.7 J 1/2W		
S03			S31-6012-08	SLIDE SWITCH (DIRECTION)		
S04 ,05			S59-1065-08	REED SWITCH (ROTATION DET)		
H001			T31-0010-08	PLAYBACK HEAD		
D01			HZ9C-2	ZENER DIODE		
D01			WZ-092	ZENER DIODE		
D02			HZ12C-1	ZENER DIODE		
D02			WZ-135	ZENER DIODE		
D03			1S1555	DIODE		
D03			1S2076	DIODE		
D04 ,05			GMA01	DIODE		
D04 ,05			MA165TA	DIODE		
D06			DS135D	DIODE		
D06			W06B	DIODE		
IC01			A55987F01	IC		
IC02			M54838L	IC		
IC03			STA401A	IC		
Q01			2SA1020(Y)	TRANSISTOR		
Q01			2SB793A(R)	TRANSISTOR		
<b>TUNER ASS'Y (W02-0593-05)</b>						
D1 -4		*	1SS110	DIODE		
D1 -4			1SS53	DIODE		
D1 -4			1S1555	DIODE		
D5 -7			SVC321	DIODE		
D5 -7		*	1SV149	DIODE		
FET1			2SK163	FET		
FET2		*	2SK184	FET		
TR1 -5		*	2SC2620	TRANSISTOR		
TR1 -5		*	2SC2714	TRANSISTOR		
TR1 -5		*	2SC2814	TRANSISTOR		
TR6		*	2SC2669	TRANSISTOR		
<b>FM FRONTEND ASS'Y (W02-0594-05)</b>						
FET1		*	2SK359	FET		
TR1 -3		*	2SC2714	TRANSISTOR		
<b>SCREW SET (N99-0071-05)</b>						
-			NO STOCK	HEXAGON WRENCH KEY		
-			N09-0335-05	PAN HEAD TAPPING SCREW (#5X16)		
-			N09-0336-05	HEXAGON HEAD BOLT (M5X20)		
-			N10-1050-46	NUT (M5)		
-			N15-1050-46	FLAT WASHER (M5X12)		
<b>CASSETTE MECHANISM ASS'Y (D40-0280-05)</b>						
1	1C		T42-0024-08	MOTOR ASSY		
2	1C		T94-0035-08	SOLENOID (SENSOR)		
3	1C		D14-0075-08	PINCH ROLLER ASSY		
4	1C		W02-0555-08	PCB ASSY		
6	1C		D10-0297-08	LEVER (SOLENOID)		
7	1C		J21-1887-28	CASSETTE HOLDER ASSY		
8	1C		J21-3031-08	HOLDER ARM ASSY		
9	1C		G01-0374-18	COIL SPRING (TURN)		

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11	1C		G02-0087-08	SPRING (HEAD ADJUSTMENT)		
12	1C		N24-3030-60	WASHER C		
14	1C		G01-0379-08	COIL SPRING (PINCH ROLLER)		
20	2C		T94-0036-08	SOLENOID (FWD/REV)		
21	2C		T94-0037-08	SOLENOID (FWD/REV)		
22	2C		G01-0385-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
23	2C		G01-0403-08	COIL SPRING		
24	2C		G01-1308-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
25	2C		G01-0383-08	COIL SPRING (R/F IDLER)		
26	2C		G01-1311-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
27	2C		D13-0101-08	GEAR ASSY		
28	2C		D10-0360-08	LEVER		
29	2C		D13-0100-08	GEAR (R/F IDLER)		
34	2C		N19-0355-08	WASHER		
40	3C		D13-0099-08	GEAR		
41	3C		N19-0354-08	WASHER		
42	3C		N24-3030-60	WASHER		
43	3C		D10-0362-08	LEVER		
45	3C		D03-0223-08	REEL BRACKET ASSY		
51	3C,3D		N29-0056-08	WASHER (LOCK)		
52	3C,3D		N29-0057-08	WASHER (LOCK)		
53	3C,3D		N19-0354-08	WASHER		
54	3C		D13-0071-08	GEAR (TAKE UP)		
61	1D		D14-0076-08	PINCH ROLLER ASSY		
62	1D		J31-0156-18	SPACER		
63	1D		J31-0157-18	SPACER		
64	1D		N24-3012-60	WASHER C		
66	1D		J31-0156-18	SPACER		
67	1D		G01-0378-08	COIL SPRING (PINCH ROLLER)		
68	1D		G01-0377-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
69	1D		D14-0062-08	ROLLER (HEAD BASE)		
70	1D		G01-1314-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
72	1D		G01-0435-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
73	1D		D10-0278-18	LEVER (EJECT LOCK)		
74	1D		J31-0164-08	SPACER		
75	1D		D10-0279-18	LEVER (SUB)		
76	1D		D10-0296-08	PLATE (HEAD LOCK)		
77	1D		G01-0373-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
78	1D		J19-0595-08	PLATE (PINION)		
79	1D		J11-0051-08	LUG		
80	1D		G01-0382-08	SPRING (SOLENOID)		
81	1D		G01-0404-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
82	1D		J31-0163-08	SPACER		
83	1D		D13-0062-08	GEAR (PULLEY)		
90	2D		D13-0070-08	GEAR EJECT ASSY		
91	2D		T94-0015-08	SOLENOID		
93	2D		S56-1022-08	SWITCH (SENSITIVE SWITCH)		
94	2D		S46-1010-08	SWITCH (LEAF)		
97	2D		T94-0018-08	SOLENOID		
98	2D		G01-0425-08	TENSION COILED SPRING		
110	3D		D13-0060-08	GEAR (PULLEY WHEEL)		
111	3D		W02-0518-08	HEAD AND SWITCH ASSY		
112	3D		D16-0059-08	BELT		
113	3D		D01-0036-08	FLYWHEEL ASSY		
114	3D		D13-0061-08	GEAR (REVERSE IDLER)		

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115	3D		N19-0302-08	WASHER		
120	1C		D14-0062-08	COLLAR (HEAD BASE)		
121	1C		D19-0071-08	CASSETTE GUIDE		
122	1C		N24-3015-60	E TYPE RETAINING RING		
123	1C		A11-0145-08	HEAD BASE ASSY		
124	1D, 2C		N24-3025-60	E TYPE RETAINING RING		
125	2C		J30-0203-08	SPACER (WASHER)		
128	2C		D10-0356-08	LINK ASSY (F/R)		
129	3C		D10-1370-08	LEVER ASSY (F/R ACTIVATE)		
130	3C		J25-4529-08	PC BOARD (REED SWITCH)		
131	3D		D13-0102-08	REEL ASSY (WITH MAGNET)		
132	3D		J39-0074-08	SPACER		
133	3C		J39-0073-08	SPACER		
136	1D		N19-0539-08	WASHER		
137	3C		J21-3243-18	PLATE ASSY (FLYWHEEL RETAINER)		
138	3C		G01-1599-08	SPRING		
139	2C		G01-1390-08	SPRING		
140	3C		G01-1313-08	SPRING		
143	1D		G01-1314-08	SPRING		
144	1D		N19-0300-08	FLAT WASHER		
145	1D		J21-3587-08	FRAME LEVER ASSY		
146	2D		D13-0255-08	GEAR (GUIDE)		
147	1D		D10-1371-08	LEVER ASSY (EJECT)		
150	2D		J19-0097-08	PIN (SOLENOID)		
151	2D		D13-0256-08	GEAR (EJECT IDLER)		
152	2D		D10-1369-08	HEAD BASE ASSY		
153	2D		D10-0298-08	LEVER (REVERSE)		
155	2D		D10-1368-08	LEVER ASSY (REVERSE)		
158	2C		G01-1598-08	SPRING		
159	2C		J21-3337-08	BRACKET ASSY (GUIDE)		
160	1D		D13-0257-08	CASE (GEAR)		
161	1D, 2D		D13-0254-08	GEAR ASSY (PLANET)		
162	3D		D13-0253-08	GEAR (CHANGE)		
165			J25-1895-18	PC BOARD		

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